**REVIEW ENGLISH 7 ( UNIT 7 – UNIT 12)**

1. In the Samba festival, people wear \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, playing Samba music and dancing.

A. dresses B. costumes C. glasses D. hats

2. This photograph is of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when I was a baby.

A. me B. my C. mine D. I

3. My mother goes to work\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a bus every morning.

A. on B. by C. in D. at

4. If people\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the rules, there are no more accidents.

A. follow B. take care of C. obey D. remember

5. The film was so\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. However, my father saw it from beginning to end.

A. interesting B. exciting C. boring D. fascinating

6. I’m tired of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_nothing to do at home

A. to have B. having C. have D. had

7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the traffic was bad, I arrived on time.

A. Despite B. In spite of C. However D. Although

8. Use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_when crossing the street.

A. pavement B. zebra C. zebra crossing D. crossing

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_festival do you choose? – I choose Elephant Race festival.

A. Which B. What C. How D. When

10. You live in the countryside, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. do you B. don’t you C. are you D. aren’t you

**Sometimes it is necessary to (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_our habits. Saving energy is one illustration. If we can (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_more energy**, such as water and electricity, we can help keep the natural enviroment safe. Saving water, for example, helps preserve our rivers and reservoirs. If we usually take 10- minute showers, in this case should try to take shorter showers. When we go out, we (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_remember to shut off electronic devices such as televisions and computers. Turning (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ the light is another example of saving electricity. In short, remembering to help the enviroment, such as by saving energy, is one of our most (5) \_\_\_responsibilities.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. A. exchange | B.turn | C.change | D.make |
| 2. A. help | B.save | C. cut | D. saving |
| 3. A. must | B. may | C. had | D. should |
| 4. A. on | B. in | C. without | D. off |
| 5. A. important | B. basic | C. necessary | D. main |

1. Give a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_before you turn left or right.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. sign
 | 1. turn
 | 1. sound
 | 1. signal
 |

1. A lot of dancers go to Rio de Janeiro to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Rio carnival.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. join
 | 1. perform
 | 1. attend
 | 1. appear
 |

1. Everybody attends the festival \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. with | 1. for
 | 1. in
 | 1. of
 |

1. The end of the film was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. moved
 | 1. move
 | 1. moving
 | 1. moveable
 |

1. In order to save energy, don’t forget to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the lights before you leave.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. turn off
 | 1. turn on
 | 1. turn
 | 1. turn of
 |

1. We didn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cycle to school two years ago.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. used to
 | 1. use to
 | 1. uses to
 | 1. using to
 |

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the silly story, many people enjoyed the film.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. In spite of
 | 1. Although
 | 1. However
 | 1. Nevertheless
 |

1. It must be amazing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ elephants racing.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. see
 | 1. to see
 | 1. seeing
 | 1. saw
 |

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ often is Burning Festival held?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. What | B. When | C. Which | D. How |

1. When there is a traffic jam, it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me a very long time to go home.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. costs | B. takes | C. last | D. spends |

**. Re-arrange the words to make meaningful sentences.**

1. is/ Driving/ dangerous./ fast/ very

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. English/ How/ your/ does/ day?/ teacher/ work/ go to/ every

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. live/ Many/ the/ people/ country./ prefer/ in/ to

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. to save/ will reduce/ our energy./ the use of electricity/ We

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. when/ in the/ he/ Mr Long/ a child./ countryside/ lived/ was/

1. It/ not/ is/ far/ to/ very/ go/ to/ the/ railway station.

……………………………………………………………..

2. February/ takes/ in/ usually/ Carnival/ place.

……………………………………………………………..

3. we/ riding/ time/ school/ This/ bicycles/ be/ to/ will/ tomorrow.

……………………………………………………………..

4. bike/ is/ belongs/ The/ mine/ the/ and/ Minh/ green/ other/ to.

……………………………………………………………..

5. Lan/ pop music/ likes/, and/ do/ I/ so.

……………………………………………………………..

1. Before you go to bed, please turn ………………. all the lights.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. over | B. on | C. in | D. off |

2. He likes to travel, ………so does she.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. and | B. or | C. but | D. therefore |

3. I like playing tennis, ……………….. my father doesn’t.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. because | B. but | C. and | D. even though |

4. …………….. she dislikes coffee, she drinks it to keep herself warm.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Although | B. Because | C. Because of | D. Despite |

5. Energy can be collected by solar …………….. on cloudy days.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. boards | B. panels | C. bars | D. sheets |

6. If he works more slowly, he ……………….. so many mistakes.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. wouldn’t make | B. doesn’t make | C. didn’t make | D. won’t make |

7. She never cooks the meals, ……………….?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. does she | B. didn’t she | C. did she | D. was she |

8. Did Lan ………………… walk past this way to her primary school.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. used | B. used to | C. use to | D. use |

9. The sun …………………… at 5.16 tomorrow.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. rise | B. rises | C. is rising | D. will rise |

10. …………………… ever played football? -Yes. I have played football.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Have you | B. Has you | C. Had n’t you | D. Haven’t you |

 **In many countries , people** come to live in towns and cities (1)……….they need work. After one or two factories have been built in or near a town, people come (2)………..work and soon an industrial area begins to grow. There (3)…………usually an area nearby where the factory workers (4)………….. . The families of these workers need schools,hospitals and markets (5)………….more and more people come to live in the area to provide these services and so a city grows.

1. A. so B. and C.because D. although

2.A. to find B. find C. to do D. do

3. A. are B. were C. is D. was

4. A. work B. play C. visit D. live

5. A. because B. but C. so D. however

1. My uncle drove carelessly some years ago, but now he doesn’t.

→My uncle used to ………………………………………………………………………………..

2. The distance between Ho Chi Minh city and Vung Tau is about 120 Km..

→ It…………………………………………………………………………………………...........

1. How far is it from your house to the market?

*=> What is the*  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. My brother is always a careful taxi driver.

*=> My brother always*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. My school is not the same as your school.
*=> My school is*\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Carving eggshells is one of Peter’s interests.

=> Peter is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* + 1. Look at the photo! You’re ……………….a horse!
			1. driving B- flying C- riding D- sailing
		2. What happened to George? - He has broken ……………arm.
			1. his B- her C- him D- hers
		3. My children often sleep while they are …………a plane.
			1. by B- on C- in D- at
		4. Poor people die because they do not have good …………… .
			1. overcrowded B- disease C- crime D- healthcare
		5. I ………..go to school on foot. Now my school is far from my house so I go by bike.
			1. can B- used to C- have to D- must
		6. ……………the film was a bit frightening, I really enjoyed it.
			1. In spite of B- Although C- However D- Nevertheless
		7. All critics said this film was really ……. . Nevertheless, I was so ……….that I saw it from beginning to end.
			1. boring ; interesting B- bored; interested

C- boring ; interested D- bored ; interesting

* + 1. We like the film very much. The ……….are unforgettable and the plot is gripping.
			1. acting B- style C- action D- characters

9.At 7.00 tomorrow, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school.

A -cycle B- will cycle C- will be cycling D- will be cycled

10. Solar energy will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to solve the problem of energy shortage.

A- use B- be used C- used D-using

1. We ……………… to school two years ago. Now I go to school on foot.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. used to cycle | B. cycled | C. were cycling | D. went |

 2. Solar energy will ……………………… to solve the problem of energy shortage.

 A. use B. be used C. used D. using

 3. …………………………… the film is a bit frightening, I really enjoyed it.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Nevertheless | B. However | C. Despite | D. Although |

 4. …………………… the silly story, many people enjoyed the film.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. In spite of | B. Although | C. However | D. Nevertheless |

5. To save money, we learn to …………….. some daily products like coca cola bottles.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. keep | B. reuse | C. produce | D. reduce |

6. In the green future, vehicles will be powered by………………….. .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. coal | B. solar energy | C. petrol | D. gas |

 7. I’m tired of ……………….. nothing to do at home.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. to have | B. had | C. having | D. have |

 8. In order to save energy, don’t forget to……………………. the lights before you leave.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. turn | B. turn on | C. turn off | D. turn of |

 9. It takes me two hours …………….. that letter.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. writing | B. to write | C. write | D. for writing |

10.A friend of ………….. is coming to stay with me next month.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. I | B. my | C. me | D. mine |

**The Earth Day comes from the idea of a former US** politician Gaylord Nelson. He was worried about the world pollution, and the health of plants and animals. In 1969, he decided that the world should have a special day to teach people about how to make environment better.
 His idea became popular and on 22 April 1970 the first Earth Day was celebrated. Since then, environmentalists have used the day to educate people about **their** roles in protecting our planet.
Earth Day finally became a global celebration around the world. On this day, people come together to talk about global warming, protecting rare animals and saving energy sources.

|  |
| --- |
| 1. The Earth Day was first celebrated in \_\_\_\_\_\_. |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|     A. 1969 | B. 1970  |  C. 2015 |

|  |
| --- |
| 2. According to the passage, Gaylord Nelson was \_\_\_\_\_\_. |
|     A. trying to pollute the environment |
|    B. worried about the environment |
|    C. not concerned about global warming |

|  |
| --- |
| 3. The word **their** refers to \_\_\_\_\_\_. |
|    A. environmentalists’ |
|    B. politicians’ |
|    C. people’s  |

|  |
| --- |
| 4. Environmentalists have used the Earth Day to \_\_\_\_\_\_. |
|    A. educate people about their roles of protecting our planet |
|    B. ban people from using energy sources |
|    C. get people around the world to play together |

|  |
| --- |
| 5. The best title for the passage can be \_\_\_\_\_\_. |
|    A. Gaylord Nelson, the politician |
|    B. Preserving our energy sources |
|    C. The meaning of the Earth Day |

1. \_\_\_\_ is not very far from here to the harbour.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A.There | B.This | C.It | D.That |

1. Linh used to \_\_\_\_\_ Jigsaw puzzles in his spare time.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. do
 | 1. does
 | 1. doing
 | 1. did
 |

1. Traffic accidents can be prevented If people \_\_\_\_\_ the rules.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. remember | 1. obey
 | 1. go after
 | 1. take care of
 |

1. The film was so boring. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Jack saw it from beginning to end.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Therefore | B.However | C. Although | D.Because |

1. I’m sure you’ll find the film \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. amuse
 | 1. amusing
 | 1. amused
 | 1. amusingly
 |

1. Everybody attends the festival \_\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. with
 | 1. for
 | 1. in
 | 1. of
 |

1. At 7.00 tomorrow you \_\_\_\_\_ to school.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. cycle
 | 1. will cycle
 | 1. will be cycling
 | 1. will be cycled
 |

1. We will go on holiday with some friends of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. our | B. ours | C. us | D. we |

1. We went out \_\_\_\_\_ it was raining.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. although
 | 1. becouse
 | 1. in spite of
 | 1. despite
 |

1. Her daughter has studied English for two years, \_\_\_\_\_\_?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. have she
 | 1. has she
 | 1. hasn’t she
 | 1. haven’t she
 |

**I. Read the following passage and put a word in the box in each of the numbered blanks.**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| than | many | because | by | quickly |

When you are in Hong Kong, you can go about by taxi, by tram, by bus or (1)………… underground. I myself prefer the underground (2)……….. it is fast, easy anh cheap. There are (3) …….. trams and buses in Hong Kong, and one can not drive along the road (4) ……… and without many stops. The underground is therefore usually quiker (5) ……… taxis or buses.

**II. Choose the correct word A, B, C or D for each gap to complete the following passage.**

The world population (1)…. five-billion mark in 1987 and it is increasing (2) ……….. about 1.7% a year. At this rate of growth, the number of people in the world will double every 41 years. This rapid increase has been called the (3)……….. explosion. Noone knows how many people the Earth can (4)………… Many scientists believe that the world will soon become (5)…………, that is, it will have more people than it can support.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | 1. passed
 | 1. pass
 | 1. past
 | 1. passing
 |
| 2. | 1. to
 | 1. by
 | 1. in
 | 1. of
 |
| 3. | 1. pollution
 | 1. polluted
 | 1. population
 | 1. populated
 |
| 4. | 1. be supported
 | 1. supports
 | 1. supporting
 | 1. support
 |
| 5. | 1. polluted
 | 1. overpopulated
 | 1. populated
 | 1. overpopulation
 |

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the traffic was bad, I arrived on time.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. Despite
 | 1. In spite of
 | 1. However
 | 1. Although
 |

2. It takes me two hours\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that letter.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. to write
 | 1. write
 | 1. writing
 | 1. for writing
 |

3. My father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a lot last year but this year he doesn’t any more.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. used to smoke | 1. smokes
 | 1. gets used to smoke
 | 1. smoking
 |

1. We will go on holiday with some friends of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .
2. our B. ours C. us D. we

5. Give a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before you turn left or right.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. sign
 | 1. turn
 | 1. sound
 | 1. signal
 |

Everybody attends the festival \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ fun.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. with
 | 1. in
 | 1. for
 | 1. of
 |

The end of the film was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. moved
 | 1. moving
 | 1. move
 | 1. moveable
 |

Although they spent a lot of money on the film, it wasn’t a big\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. success B. failure C. performance D. show

Linh used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ jigsaw puzzles in his spare time.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. do
 | 1. does
 | 1. doing
 | 1. did
 |

Hurry up, or we’ll \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the last bus.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. lose
 | 1. avoid
 | 1. miss
 | 1. drop
 |

**People of different ages** (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_different tastes for TV programs. Young children like (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_cartoon most. So there (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_many kinds of films on children’s corner. Tenagers like sports shows, fashion shows, (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_(often romatic, horror or detective), music (often pop and rock) and sometimes cartoons. But there are not many good programs for people of this age. Adults prefer to watch the news, reports, movies and contests. Old people like watching and listening to classical music most. They also watch movies, news and other programs that (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_ them.

1. A. has B. have C. are having D. Had
2. A. to watch B. watching C. A&B are correct D. watch
3. A. are B. is C. will be D. be
4. A. game show B. animal show C. movies D.cartoon
5. A. provide B. suitable C. wear D.suit

1. Linda used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ morning exercise when she got up early.

A. did B. does C. doing D. do

2. My father \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the bus to work every day, but I cycle.

A. catches B. drives C. goes D. runs

3. You should look right and left when you go \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the road.

A. down B. across C. up D. along

4. Bus is the main public \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Viet Nam.

A.travel B. tricycle C. transport D. vehicle

5. The play was so boring. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, An saw it from beginning to end.

A. Therefore B. Despite C. However D. Although

6. She’s sure that they will find the film\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. entertaining B. entertain C. entertainment D. entertained

7. – “ Do you like seeing a film?” – “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

A. No, I don’t like it at all B. Sure. What film shall we see?

C. Who is in it? D. I’m sorry, I can’t.

8. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ being frightened by the images, Lan still liked the film so much.

A. In spite B. Despite C. Although D. Nevertheless

9. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is La Tomatina celebrated? – Every August.

A. Where B. Why C. When D. Which

10. My father liked the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of that singer.

A. perform B. performer C. performance D. performing

**With the development** of science and technology, more and more (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is used everyday. Nowadays, many (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ areas in Vietnam have been electrified, and more energy is needed. If everyone (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ energy, it will quickly run out. (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at school should learn how to save energy, for example, they should turn (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the electric lights when they leave their classrooms.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | 1. cars
 | 1. electricity
 | 1. books
 | 1. money
 |
| 2. | 1. rural
 | 1. rich
 | 1. urban
 | 1. city
 |
| 3. | 1. save
 | 1. saves
 | 1. waste
 | 1. wastes
 |
| 4. | 1. doctors
 | 1. students
 | 1. farmers
 | 1. drivers
 |
| 5. | 1. on
 | 1. at
 | 1. off
 | 1. in
 |

1. Where’s John? He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to a new CD in his room.

2. Don’t forget to take your umbrella with you to London. You know it always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (rain) in England.

3. Jean \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (work) hard all day but she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not work) at the moment.

4. Look! That boy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (run) after the bus. He wants to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (catch) it.

5. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (speak) German so well because he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (come) from Germany.

6. Shh! The boss \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (come). We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (meet) him in an hour and nothing is ready!

7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you usually go away for Christmas or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (stay) at home?

8. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (hold) some roses. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (smell) lovely.

9. Oh! Look at it! It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (snow) again. It’s always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (snow) in this country.

10. Mary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (swim) very well, but she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (not run) very fast.

11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your students (play) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ soccer every afternoon?

12. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed at 11.30 p.m.

13. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (go) home and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch.

14. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (play) sports?

15. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (teach) English in a big school in town.

**: Điền *a*, *an* hoặc *the* vào chỗ trống trong các câu sau:**

1. This is \_\_\_\_ beautiful painting. Does \_\_\_\_\_\_ artist live near here?
I bought \_\_\_\_\_ new toothbrush this morning and I can’t find it. I’m sure I put it in \_\_\_\_\_ bathroom
2. Can you get \_\_\_ fresh cream cake when you’re out? \_\_\_\_\_ shop on \_\_\_\_\_ corner usually sells them
3. It’s \_\_\_\_ very nice school and \_\_\_\_\_ teachers all are really hard-working
4. “Look! There’s \_\_\_\_ cat in \_\_\_\_ garden” “Yes, it’s \_\_\_\_\_ cat from next door”
5. There’s \_\_\_\_ man at \_\_\_\_\_ door. He wants to see you
6. We stayed in \_\_\_\_ very nice hotel. \_\_\_\_\_ room was comfortable and \_\_\_\_\_ food was excellent.
7. I bought her \_\_\_ new jacket last week but yesterday two of \_\_\_ buttons came off. I’m taking it back to \_\_\_\_\_ shop
8. I had \_\_\_\_\_ bath this morning but \_\_\_\_ water was a bit cold.
9. John was at \_\_\_\_ airport, waiting for \_\_\_\_ friend to arrive
10. There’s \_\_\_\_ fly in my lemonade Tom is \_\_\_ good student
11. Close \_\_\_\_ door, please Can you show me \_\_\_\_ way to \_\_\_\_station?
12. Jack likes sitting in \_\_\_\_ sun We are going to take \_\_\_\_next bus
13. \_\_\_\_ biggest problem at the moment is pollution; it is destroying our world.
14. \_\_\_\_\_ only thing I don’t like about this town is \_\_\_\_\_ pollution.
15. Please turn off \_\_\_\_lights when you leave \_\_\_\_\_ room Please close \_\_\_\_\_ door Look at \_\_\_\_ sharks
16. I like \_\_\_\_\_ peace and quiet. I like \_\_\_\_\_\_ peace and quiet here

**Hãy điền các đại từ sở hữu thích hợp**

1. It’s your money. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ It’s my bad. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_
2. It’s our car. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ They’re her shoes. They’re \_\_\_\_\_
3. It’s their house. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_ They’re their book. They’re \_\_\_\_\_\_
4. They’re my glasses. They’re \_\_\_\_\_\_ It’s his coat. It’s \_\_\_\_\_
5. Give the pens to me. They’re \_\_\_\_\_\_ Give the ket to Mary. They’re \_\_\_\_\_\_

**Bài tập 3: hãy khoanh tròn từ đúng**

1. Is it *your/yours* book? It’s *their/theirs* question, not our/ours
2. Is this camera *your/yours*? Are these *yours/your* shoes?
3. That’s not *my/mine*  umbrella. *Mine/my* is yellow
4. They know *ours/our* address but they don’t know *their/theirs*
5. *My/mine*  room is bigger than *her/hers*  but *her/hers* is nicer
6. I can see *your/yours* children at the school gate but where are *my/mine* ?
7. I want to change *my/mine*  computer. I want to buy one like *yours/your*
8. **Chọn đáp án đúng nhất**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ house is smaller than \_\_\_\_\_ . A. Ours / theirs  B. Our / their C. Ours / their  D. Our / theirs

2. \_\_\_\_\_ children are older than \_\_\_\_\_.A. My / her  B. Mine / hers  C. My / hers  D. Mine / her

3. \_\_\_\_\_ talking to \_\_\_\_\_ sister?A. Whose / yours  B. Who’s / your C. Whose / your  D. Who’s / yours

4. This book isn’t \_\_\_\_\_. Is it \_\_\_\_\_?A. my / yours  B. mine / your C. my / your  D. mine / yours

5. “\_\_\_\_\_ dictionary is this?” “It’s \_\_\_\_\_.”A) Whose / him  B) Who’s / his C) Whose / his  D) Who’s / him

6. “\_\_\_\_\_ going to the party tonight?”“I am not.”A. Whose B. Which C. Who’s D. Where

7. And \_\_\_\_\_ garden is bigger than \_\_\_\_\_.A. their / ours  B. theirs / ours C. their / our  D. theirs / ours

8. \_\_\_\_\_ dog is running round \_\_\_\_\_ garden?A. Whose / ours  B. Who’s/our C. Whose / our  D. Who’s / ours

1. When he was 8 years old, he had an accident and broke \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_leg.**A.** mine **B.** he **C.** his **D.** him

2. The teacher gave the students \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ homework.**A.** they **B.** their **C.** theirs **D.** them

3. This is a picture of Picasso. Do you like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?**A.** them **B.** their **C.** theirs **D.** they

4. This isn’t your chairs. It’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**A.** my **B.** me **C.** I **D.** mine

5. I want to find \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ key. I can not go home without it.**A.** me **B.** my **C.** I **D.** mine

6. How many people are there in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ family? **A.** you **B.** your **C.** yours **D.** you’re

7. My jacket is on the chair, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is on the table.**A.** she **B.** her **C.** hers **D.** she’s

8. This is Mr and Mrs. Simth, those are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ children.**A.** they **B.** them **C.** theirs **D.** their

9. That isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ mobile phone. **A.** Lan **B.** Lan’s **C.** Lans **D.** Lan is

10. I will present \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ idea to the company tomorrow.**A.** mine **B.** my **C.** me **D.** I

11. The mother cat and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ kittens napped in the sunshine.**A.** his **B.** your **C.** hers **D.** her

12. I like cream cheese on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bagels.**A.** my **B.** mine **C.** your **D.** our

13. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ grandfather used to take us fishing.**A.** Mine **B.** My **C.** Our **D.** Ours

14. Elaine bought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dress at the mall.**A.** yours **B.** mine **C.** her **D.** hers

15. The car lost \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ rear bumper in an accident.**A.** it’s **B.** its **C.** his **D.** her

16. The horse swished \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tail to keep flies away.**A.** it’s **B.** its **C.** its’ **D.** the

17. This dessert is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ but you can have it.**A.** my **B.** mine **C.** yours **D.** delicious

18. Please return \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money at once. **A.** mine **B.** your **C.** my **D.** its

19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ car is so dirty I can’t even tell what color it is.A. Your **B.** Yours **C.** Hers **D.** Ours

20. When the cat saw the dog, it stopped in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tracks.**A.** my **B.** its **C.** his **D.** hers

21. I think we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have electric taxis very soon.**A.** may **B.** might **C.** will **D.** would

1. This car belongs to my father, so it’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ car.A. her B. our C. his D. my

2. Lucy, I don’t like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dark hair.A. my B. her C. his D. your

3. Lora is helping \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sister now.A. his B. her C. our D. you

4. My teachers live in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ country houses.A. her B. his C. their D. mine

5. Anne met \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ old friend at the market A. his B. hers C. her D. mine

1. Do you know Janelyn? Yes, of course, I (met/ meet/ is meeting) her every day!

2. I ( am / was / were ) very happy on my last vacation.

3. Where is Tom?Ah he ( is playing/ plays/played) football with his friends in the garden

5. He ( doesn’t / won’t / didn’t ) come here last night.

6. (When / where / What time ) did you see her ? – Yesterday morning.

 7. We ( are visiting / will visit / visit / visited) Ha Long Bay last summer vacation.

8. Lan sometimes (goes / go / went / is going ) to the zoo.

9. When they (was / will be / were / are ) children, they often played with each other.

10. Yesterday, I ( am buying / going to buy / buy / bought ) many gifts for him on the trip to Ha Noi.

11. The animal programme (showed/ is showing/shows) on VTV3 now

12. Last autumn, I and my friends (went/go/is going) to Nha Trang beach. It was wonderful trip

13. Hurry up, we (missed/misses/are missing) the bus! 14. My uncle (played/plays/is playing) baseball 10 years ago

15. Last year, she (is teaching/teaches/taught) us Math.

16. At the moment, my sister (reads/is reading/read) a comic book. 17. Sometimes, I (am playing/play/played)\_\_\_badminton.

18. He usually (goes/is going/went) scuba diving with his friends 19. Jogging (makes/make/is making) us stronger

20. Look! They (run/are running/ran) together. Exercise

We can use renewable and non-renewable energy sources to make electricity.

Most of our electricity comes from power stations that use fossil fuels like coal, oil and gas. We call them non-renewable sources because they will eventually run out. Unfortunately, burning fossil fuels produces lots of greenhouse gases which cause global warming.

We also use renewable energy sources like the sun, wind and water to make electricity. We can use them again and again because they cannot run out. They do not produce greenhouse gases so they are much less harmful to the environment.