### REVIEW GRADE 9 ( UNIT 7,8,9)

### I. Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.

* 1. A healthy diet is essential good health and nutrition.
		1. of b. in c. for d. towards
	2. Then add some black pepper the salad dressing.
		1. to b. on c. in d. with
	3. If you food, you crush it so that it almost turns into liquid.
		1. steam b. stir-fry c. grill d. puree
	4. Adding a small of salt to a cup of bitter coffee will help cut the bitterness.
		1. pinch b. cup c. bag d. handful
	5. You feel more energized if you reduce your salt intake.
		1. should b. may c. must d. would
	6. A: Is there some butter I could use?

B: No, there isn’t butter, but some margarine.

* + 1. some b. any c. little d. few
	1. Too much salt can lead to high blood pressure; puts us at risk of stroke.
		1. what b. when c. which d. that
	2. Recipes tell me to add one or twoof celery to a soup or stew.
		1. cloves b. slices c. bunches d. sticks
	3. She added a potato to her overly salty soup make it less salty.
		1. so that b. as a result of c. in order to d. so as not to
	4. “I’ll make steak pie for dinner.” “ ”
		1. I’d love to. b. You’re right. c. Please, do it. d. Great! I can’t wait.
	5. Spring water slowly flows through the cavern, limestone.
		1. forming b. carving c. eroding d. featuring
	6. When spending a week in Berlin, you can the city itself and its surroundings.
		1. explore b. travel c. visit d. guide
	7. With its climate, the country attracts both winter and summer sports enthusiasts.
		1. extreme b. wet c. harsh d. varied
	8. Son Doong Cave is one of the most fascinating that can be experienced in Southeast Asia.
		1. journeys b. expeditions c. destinations d. explorations
	9. Nick has just returned from his holiday looking relaxed and .
		1. cool b. worried c. tanned d. exhausted
	10. Ha Long Bay has twice been by UNESCO as a World Natural Heritage Site.
		1. experienced b. recognized c. discovered d. developed
	11. Our showed us around the old town and regaled us with historical stories.
		1. travel agent b. holidaymaker c. sightseer d. tour guide
	12. The authorities are trying to encourage and domestic tourism.
		1. permit b. issue c. promote d. attract
	13. Frog legs are one of the better-known delicacies of French .
		1. cuisine b. landscape c. recipe d. ingredient
	14. Saturdays are busy, so it’s a good idea to a table in advance.
		1. offer b. reserve c. retain d. save
	15. We spent the day swimming and around on the beach.
		1. exploring b. turning c. traveling d. lazing
	16. The seaside resort always gets overcrowded in season.
		1. low b. peak c. off d. hard
	17. He’s really community tourism because he wants to experience local culture,
		1. of b. with c. onto d. into
	18. I have to four tourist attractions that need to be visited this year.
		1. pulled it down b. broken it out c. shrunk it from d. narrowed it down
	19. Package tour isn’t my . I prefer independent travel.
		1. hot potatoes b. piece of cake c. cup of tea d. flesh and blood
	20. I didn’t know that Lake Michigan was one of the Great Lakes until last year.
		1. a b. an c. Ø d. the
	21. You couldn’t possibly visit Paris without seeing Eiffel Tower.
		1. the b. a c. an d. Ø
	22. I will have a summer holiday in Dubai where my sister works as a tour guide.
		1. two-weeks b. two-week c. two weeks’ d. two week’s
	23. A long flight of stairs made the center to disabled visitors.
		1. unavailable b. unaffordable c. disadvantaged d. inaccessible
	24. The happened in thick fog and caused a seven-mile tailback on the motorway.
		1. pile-up b. touchdown c. mix-up d. jet lag
	25. Make sure you book tickets because it costs more at the airport!
		1. by chance b. at a price c. in advance d. for a start
	26. “I’m going to France for my summer holiday.” “ ”
		1. Lucky you! b. Good idea! c. OK. Cool! d. Oh my God!
	27. Learning the English parts of is a must if you want to learn grammar.
		1. speech b. accent c. dialogue d. tone
	28. Your thesis wouldn’t get across if you used too many terms in it.
		1. legal b. technical c. general d. specific
	29. Chinese and English are both languages of Hong Kong under the Hong Kong Basic Law.
		1. original b. foreign c. official d. first
	30. Australian English is spoken as the language by most people in Australia.
		1. foreign b. first c. second d. international
	31. In China, Japan and Vietnam, English is spoken as a(n) language.
		1. second b. foreign c. official d. primary
	32. The college offers a five-week French program in which the students will hear and use only French.
		1. massive b. literacy c. long-term d. immersion
	33. Another feature is of vocabulary that allows English to admit words freely from other languages and to create compounds and derivatives.
		1. flexibility b. dominance c. openness d. establishment
	34. ……….to the United States have to pass a test of competence in English.
		1. Migrants b. Migration c. Immigration d. Immigrants
	35. A dictionary is a specialized dictionary used to translate words or phrases from one language to another.
		1. monolingual b. bilingual c. trilingual d. multilingual
	36. Besides Spanish, her tongue, she can also speak Portuguese and English.
		1. accient b. foreign c. first d. mother

43. The article was about the different varieties English spoken throughout the world,

* + - 1. in b. of c. from d. among

44. Susan a bit of Spanish when she was living in Mexico.

a. looked up b. got by in c. picked up d. took in

45. English grammar is said to be difficult to learn its countless rules and numerous exceptions to them.

a. thanks to b. in spite of c. because of d. provided that

46. You don’t need to interrupt your reading to look up every unfamiliar word right away - it’s better to first.

a. master b. imitate c. translate d. guess

47. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_education is the use of two different languages in classroom instruction.

a. Vocational b. Bilingual c. Monolingual d. Cooperated

48. New York, population reached 10 million by 1930, was the world’s first megacity.

a. whose b. which c. where d. of which

49. Even though I spoke English, sometimes I didn’t understand the of some areas because some words meant something else.

a. accent b. pronunciation c. dialect d. derivative

50. The man with I dined last night will be the next President of Bigfoot.

a. whom b. who c. which d. that

51. “What is the longest English word that doesn’t contain a vowel? I’d say *tsktsks.*” “ ”

a. How come? b. Sound exciting! c. Spot on. d. Of course, it is.

52. The cave was created by river water eroding the limestone underneath a mountain,

a. over b. from c. through d. away

53. Some people seem to a second language with relative ease, while others have a much more difficult time.

a. go for b. break out c. get by with d. pick up

54. When we were in New York City, we went on one-day sightseeing tour around city.

a. the/ a/ the b. Ø/ an/ the c. Ø/ a/ the d. the/ a/ Ø

55. The epic film ‘Dances With Wolves’ was directed by Kevin Costner, plays Lt. John J. Dunbar.

a. that b. who c. which d. whose

56. The video shows how to break a of cauliflower into individual pieces.

a. bunch b. stick c. head d. clove

57. These tourists can speak English, so it’s very difficult to communicate with them.

a. some b. little c. a little d. not any

58. If our makes it difficult for others to understand us, then we should seek ways to improve our pronunciation.

a. accent b. tone c. dialect d. language

59. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_they are delicious, hamburgers and French fries are too high in fat.

a. Although b. Because c. Despite d. However

60. the meat into small cubes about 2cm square and put it into a stewpan with the water.

1. Slice b. Chop c. Mince d. Peel

61. “Do you find it interesting to travel alone?” “ ”

a. You’re welcome, b. Never mind. c. What a pity! d. No, not at all.

**Grade 9 ( unit 7 8 9) CHAP 1**

**I. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.**

1. The language that you learn to speak from birth is language

 A. second B. foreign C. official D. first

2. If children don’t play sports, they sleepy and tired.

 **A.** would feel **B.** will feel **C.** would have felt **D.** had felt

3. If parents don’t cook at home, their children more fast food.

 **A.** have **B.** would have **C.** may have **D.** had had

4. If you eat a lot of fruit, you health problems.

 **A.** have **B.** may have **C.** had **D.** will never have

5. Such as sugar, sugarcane, and coconut water are mostly used in Southern Vietnamese food than in Northern and Central Viet Nam.

 **A.** dishes **B.** courses **C.** ingredients **D.** menus

6. Despite the differences in cuisine of each region, there are similarities, such as the for main meals - rice, ways of adding fish sauce, herbs and other flavors.

 **A.** staple **B.** basic **C.** foundation **D.** necessity

7. Some of famous in Southern Viet Nam are Hu Tieu Nam Vang, Bun Mam, fried rice, flour cake…..

 **A.** foods **B.** dishes **C.** staples **D.** ingredients

8. The children attend that English school receive good education.

 A. which B. whose C. who D. whom

9. A meal of Hue people has a natural combination between flavors and colors of dishes,which creates the unique in the regional cuisine.

 **A.** feature **B.** part **C.** description **D.** list

10. If my mother goes home late this evening, my father .

 **A.** will cook **B.** would cook **C.** had cooked **D.** has cooked

11. If people work so much, they depressed and eat more.

**A.** felt **B.** had felt **C.** may feel **D.** may have felt

12. Eight o’clock is good time to phone Nick: he’s always at home in evening.

 **A.** Ø - the **B.** a - the **C.** a-Ø **D.** a - an

13. Does it take long time to get to city centre?

 **A.** Ø - the **B.** a - a **C.** a - the **D.** the - the

14. What do you think of public transport in Ha Noi?

 **A.** Ø - Ø **B.** a - a **C.** a - Ø **D.** the - Ø

15. Parking is very difficult in city centre, so my father always go there by bus.

 **A.** the – Ø **B.** the - the **C.** a - a **D.** a - Ø

16. There isn’t airport near where I live. nearest airport is 70 miles away.

 **A.** an - A **B.** an - The **C.** the - A **D.** the - The

17. David is sailor. He spends most of his life at sea.

 **A.** Ø - a **B.** a- Ø **C.** a - a **D.** a - the

18. “Paul, where is Spanish dictionary? I’m writing essay in Spanish and I need it.”

 **A.** a - an **B.** Ø - the **C.** the - an **D.** Ø - Ø

19. They could understand our conversation if they some English.

 A. will know B. know C. knew D. would know

20. If I had more time I a Business English course.

 A. take B. took C. will take D. would take

21. train times are different on Sundays.

 **A.** A - the **B.** The - the **C.** Ø - Ø **D.** The - Ø

22. I think you should spend more time……..your pronunciation.

 A. improve B. improving C. to improve D. improved

23.Our plane arrives in Ha Noi at two o’clock in afternoon.

 **A.** Ø - the **B.** the - the **C.** a - a **D.** the - an

24.My uncle and aunt live in small town in United States.

 **A.** a - a **B.** a - the **C.** the - the **D.** a - Ø

25. There are many of English all over the world such as British English, American English and Indian English.

 A. dialogues B. varieties C. speakers D. terms

26. It can be quite busy here during the tourist\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. season B. phase C. period D. convince

27.“Did you have nice holiday?” - “Yes, it was best holiday I’ve ever had. ”

 A. a –a B. a – the C. the – a D. the - the

28.Nam Dinh province, my uncle lives, often has hurricanes.

 **A.** when **B.** where **C.** which **D.** that

29.I think doctors work in disaster areas are both unselfish and very brave.

 **A.** who **B.** which **C.** they **D.** those

30.2005 was the year there was a big earthquake in IndonesiA.

 **A.** which **B.** where **C.** who **D.** when

31.Mai is the girl mother is an architect.

 **A.** who **B.** whose **C.** which **D.** that

32.A snake or a spider is the animal she’d like to keep as a pet.

 **A.** where **B.** what **C.** that **D.** when

33. My older brother, was twenty-two last month, has gone to work in IndiA.

 **A.** who **B.** that **C.** he **D.** which

34. It’s an important part of your cultural identity to keep your in speaking English.

 **A.** vocabulary **B.** language **C.** accent **D.** skill

35.Much comes through body language and gesture.

 **A.** talk **B.** exchange **C.** speech **D.** communication

36.Try to the meaning of words rather than going straight for your dictionary.

 **A.** judge **B.** guess **C.** decide **D.** expect

37.Reading is the best way to your vocabulary in any language.

 **A.** improve **B.** increase **C.** raise **D.** put up

38.He is not exactly rich but he certainly earns enough to .

 **A.** get through **B.** get by **C.** get on **D.** get up

39.If I didn’t have exams next week, I camping with you this weekend.

 **A.** will go **B.** will have gone **C.** would have gone **D.** would go

40.If she rich, she would travel around the world.

 **A.** would be **B.** is **C.** has been **D.** were

41.India is the country he spent the early years of his life.

 **A.** at which **B.** on which **C.** that **D.** where

42.The girls and flowers he painted were vivid.

 **A.** who **B.** that **C.** whose **D.** which

43.Are you someone who can read and write well in English but cannot speak ?

 **A.** fluent **B.** fluently **C.** fluency **D.** a fluency

44.In a class, this is a great opportunity to learn about different customs and traditions around the worlD.

 **A.** multilingual **B.** multi-disciplinary **C.** multi-dimensional **D.** multinational

45.If you get when speaking, take two deep breaths before you say something.

 **A.** annoyed **B.** nervous **C.** pleased **D.** unwilling

46.If you in my position, what would you do?

 **A.** are **B.** will be **C.** were **D.** would be

47.Children always want to know the reason things are as they are.

 **A.** why **B.** whom **C.** which **D.** who

48.Is the first of March the day the astronaut will come and give a speech at our school?

 **A.** that **B.** what **C.** which **D.** when

49.The ingredient in every meal of Vietnamese people is fish sauce.

 **A.** particular **B.** natural **C.** active **D.** essential

50.If I could speak Spanish, I next year studying in Mexico.

 **A.** will spend **B.** had spent **C.** would have spent **D.** would spend

51.Kate with I studied in the middle school, is now a student in CanadA.

 **A.** that **B.** who **C.** whose **D.** whom

52.There are several reasons Adam is not chosen for the school football team.

 **A.** from then **B.** why **C.** for what **D.** explaining

53.When we were on holiday, we spend too money.

 A. a lot of B. many C. much D. lots of

54. If people work so much, they depressed and eat more.

 A. may feel B. may have felt C. felt D. had felt

55. Perhaps the three most popular ice cream are vanilla, chocolate and strawberry.

 A. offers B. flavours C. brands D. ingredients

56. You chicken. You cook it in an oven or over a fire without liquid.

 A. fry B. roast C. steam D. boil

57. cups of coffee have you taken?

 A. How many B. How much C. How D. How far

58.You usually vegetables like onion. It means that you cut them into many small pieces.

 A. grate B. sprinkle C. chop D. whisk

59. Is there apple juice in the fridge, Quang?

 A. any B. some C. an D. a

60. I would like a of broccoli and two carrots.

 A. slice B. head C. bunch D. clove

61. Secondary schools offer a wide of subjects.

 A. field B. scope C. list D. range

62. If you don't know the language, you may have to use language.

 A. hand B. gesture C. head D. signal

**Grade 9 ( unit 7 8 9) CHAP 2**

**I-Choose the word or phrase which best completes each sentence.**

1. Someone who is away from on holiday is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. jet lag B. holiday makers C. sunglasses D. seaside resort

2. …………. the onions as thinly as possible

 A. roast B. garnish C. slice D. grate

3. The men and animals ………….you saw on TV were from Japan.

 A. who B. whom C. which D. that

4. The book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I liked was the detective story.

 A. who B. which C. whom D. where

5. Manh picked\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some Spanish when he was living in Mexico.

A. in B. up C. on D. to

6. Could you bring me ................ glass, please?

A. an B. the C. any D. a

7. Could you give me ................ information please?

A. any B.some C. a few D.little

8. My shirt is dry now. Have you got ................ iron?

A.an B.some C. a D.a lot of

9. He looked forward to …………………. his first pay packet.

A. receive B. have received C. receiving D. be receiving

10. Make sure you ........a hotel before you come to our island,especially in the summer.

 A.keep B.book C.put D.buy

11. She speak English with a(n)...............that I couldn’t understand.

 A.accent B.stress C.intonation D.tone

12.Manh \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up some Spanish when he was living in Mexico.

 A. took B. picked C. looked D. learnt

13.The man\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ won the competition is my English teacher.

 A. who B. which C. whom D. whose

14.Pumpkin soup is a good source of ......................, minerals and vitamins, especially vitamin A.

A. sugars B. solids C. fibres D. fats

15. We always eat ...................... local food when we are abroad.

A. a B. an C. the D.∅

16. The girl ...................... mother is my English teacher is reasonably good at English.

A. which B. who C. whom D. whose

17. My uncle and aunt live in …………. small town in …………. United States.

A. a - a B. a - Ø C. the - the D. a - the

18. The motorway was blocked because there had been a …………. .

A. pile- up B. touchdown C. driving licence D. mix-up

19. If people work so much, they …………. depressed and eat more.

A. felt B. had felt C. may feel D. may have felt

20. Recipes tell me to add one or two …………. of celery to a soup or stew.

A. cloves B. slices C. bunches D. sticks

21. When you have finished preparing the vegetables, ………….. them together with your hands.

A. stir                          B. mix                         C. chop                        D. cut

22. ………….. is a feeling of tiredness and confusion about time after a long plane journey.

 A.pile-up B. safar C. jet lag D. package tour

23. I want ………….. sandwich with ………….. herbs and spices.

A. some – some           B. a – some                 C. x – the                    D. the – x

24. I think doctors ………….. work in disaster areas are both unselfish and very brave.

A. who                         B. which                      C. they                        D. those

25. After ten minutes, the spaghetti until there is no water left.

A. drain B. boil C. fry D. bake

56. There are many beautiful spots. Ha Long Bay is………

A. breathtaking B. important C. healthy D. difficult

27. Much comes through body language and gesture.

 A. talk B. exchange C. speech D. communication

28. You should the sauce you have prepared to be sure that it is not spicy.

* 1. Taste B. cook C. touch D. smell

29.We haven't got\_\_\_\_\_\_\_more bread. Would you like\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_biscuits with your cheese?

A. any – any B. any – some C. some – any D. some – some

30. It can be quite busy here during the tourist\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. season              B. phase               C. period                  D. stage

31.I have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ older brother and \_\_\_\_\_\_ younger sister.

A. an... a B. an... an C. a... a D. a... an

32.If you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.to go shopping, please go with your aunt this weekend.

a. wants b. want c. wanting d. wanted.

33. Do you know the woman \_\_\_\_\_\_ lives next door?

A. she B. who C. whom D. her

34 She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up some Spanish when she was living in Mexico.

A. got B. looked C. picked D. learnt

35. It's good to have someone to \_\_\_\_ you when you are visiting a new place.

A. lead                   B. take                  C. guide               D. bring

36. Is there ................ apple juice in the fridge, Quang?

A. an B. a C. any D. some

37. If you get when speaking, take two deep breaths before you say something.

A. annoyed B. nervous C. pleased D. unwilling

38. “ Congratulations to you on winning the first prize.” “……………………..”

A. You’re welcome B. Thanks a lot C. It’s doesn’t matter D. It’s my pleasure

39. ‘ I passed the TOEFL test, Mom.’ ‘………………………’

A. Well done B. All right C. Good luck D. Thank you

40. What a wonderful picture! “…………………….”

1. I’m glad to hear that B. It’s nice of you to say so

C. You don’t need to say so D. Of course, I think so

1. The book…………………I read was good.

A. who B. whom C. whose D. that

1. I thanked the woman………………… helped me.

A. which B. whom C. whose D. who

1. The book…………………is on the table is mime.

A. which B. who C. where D. whom

1. The man…………………….I saw was Mr. Jones.

A. whose B. whom C. which D. when

1. The movie …………………..we saw last night wasn’t very good.

A. who B. where C. which D. whom

1. I know the man………………………bicycle was stolen.

A. that B. whom C. who D. whose

47. A: “ I’ve passed my exam.” - B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Good luck B. It’s nice of you to say so

C. That’s a good idea. D. Congratulations!

48. The girls and flowers he painted were vivid.

A. who B. that C. whose D. which

49.What would happen if I…………. that red button.

A. had pressed B. press C. was pressed D. pressed

50. If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you, I wouldn’t buy that coat.

A. am B. be C. were D. would be

51. Manh picked\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some Spanish when he was living in Mexico.

A. in B. up C. on D. to

52.Are you someone who can read and write well in English but cannot speak\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A.fluent B.fluently C.fluency D.a fluency

53. Louis is virtually bilingual\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dutch and German.

A. on                       B. in                              C. for                           D. with

54. We’d like to stay longer, but we don’t have ................ time.

A. some B.many C. any D. little

55. A: “ Would you like to have dinner with me?” B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

A. Yes, I’d love to B. I’m very happy

C. Yes, It is D. Yes, so do I

**Grade 9 ( unit 7 8 9 ) CHAP 3**

**I. Choose the best answer.**

**1**. If you study hard, you ................... the examination next month.

A. passing B. to pass C. pass  D. will pass

**2.**The man.................... won the competition is my English teacher.

A.who B.which C**.**whom D.whose

**3**.  What is your father doing? -He’s playing………..piano

A. a  B. an  C. the  D. x

**4**. Manh ................ up some Spanish when he was living in Mexico.

A. took B. picked  C. looked  D. learnt

**5.** If Mr. Cuong had an IELTS certificate, he ........ a good job.

A. will get B. getting C. would get  D. got

**6.**If we.............. water carefully, more people will have fresh water.

A.use B.used C.using D.have used

7. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_some water and pour it into a glass.

A. Chop B. Grate C. Boil D. Grill

8. If we\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ less fast food, we will lose weight.

A. eat B. ate C. eating D. to eat

***9. Choose the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s)***

When will you **make a decision** to go on your holiday?

1. make use of B. turn up C. turn down D. make up your mind

***10. choose the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s)***

 Bringing more job opportunities is one of the **advantages** of tourism.

 A. benefits B. good points C. drawbacks D. upsides

**11.** One of my friends sometimes skip breakfast\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they get up late in the morning.

**A.** because **B.** although **C.** in spite of **D.** because of

***12. Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning***

The guests at the Wedding Party enjoyed it very much but some refused to eat the **raw** fish.

**A.** stale **B.** fresh **C.** rotten **D.** uncooked

 **13.** There could be both positive and negative \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of tourism activities on the environment.

 **A.** impacts **B.** impacted **C.** impactful **D.** impact

 **14.** The increase of tourists often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an increase in the amount of garbage.

 **A.** pays for **B.** leads to **C.** works out **D.** makes for

 **15.** I’d like to become a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because I can travel everywhere and show tourists around.

**A.** explorer B. tour guide **C.** flight attendance **D.** holiday maker

**16.** Every time my father flies to America, he gets really bad\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** jet lag **B.** journey **C.** touchdown **D.** mix-up

**17.** Tourism brings cultural benefits, as travelers learn about the history and culture of a place, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_them around the world.

**A.** spread **B.** move **C.** speak **D.** make

***18. Choose the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning***

To **entertain** tourists, the local people have to change usual foods to suit their tastes.

**A.** satisfy **B.** enjoy **C.** attract **D.** persuade

19. What would you like to buy, sir? – A ................. of tuna, please.

A. tin B. can C. box D. carton

20. Yesterday I saw her carrying a ................. of apples out of the supermarket.

A. packet B. bag C. box D. load

21. Unfortunately, my flight to Da Nang was ............... for one and a half hour.

A. delayed B. held up C. held on D. both A & B

22.Vietnam has a great number of tourist ...............; therefore, it is a good destination for many travellers worldwide.

A. attractive B. attractives C. attraction D. attractions

23. When you have finished preparing the vegetables, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_them together with your hands.

A. stir                          B. mix                         C. chop                        D. cut

24. He had ............... two expeditions to Spain to study wild plants by the end of 2010.

A. taken B. made C. done D. gone

25. I was offered a 50% discount for my staying at that five-star resort, so I could enjoy the holiday to the full without breaking the ................

A. brand B. branch C. bank D. banking

26. They ............... for America with nothing but the clothes on their backs.

A. set off B. set in C. set to D. set up

27. You need to ............... the potatoes before ............... them.

 A. slice – chopping B. marinate – chopping

 C. chop – peeling D. peel – chopping

28. When serving this dish, don’t forget to ............... a little pepper on the food.

 A. marinate B. puree C. spread D. sprinkle

29. I think that ............... cauliflower is not enough for 3 people. Let’s buy one more.

 A. a clove of B. a pinch of C. a loaf of D. a head of

30. Thanks to the promotion scheme of this travel agency, this abroad trip is ............... to my family.

 A. unaffordable B. affordable C. afford D. affordance

31. After ten minutes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the spaghetti until there is no water left. Then place the pasta into a large bowl.

A. drain                       B. boil                         C. fry                           D. bake

32. The stadium ............... my school’s Olympic games took place last year is being reconstructed.

 A. which B. when C. where D. whose

33. Can you tell me what ............... I need to prepare to cook Pho?

 A. ingredients B. facilities C. foods D. beverages

34. Luckily, my family was offered another 20% discount when booking rooms at that hotel because it was ............... then.

 A. high season B. low season C. crowded season D. close season

35. If you want to make sure about your stay at the resort, you need to make booking............... advance.

 A. in B. on C. with D. for

36. Computers offer a much greater degree of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the way work can be organised.

A. flexible                 B. flexibility                   C. flexibly                      D. inflexible

37. She spoke English with a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that I couldn't understand.

A. accent                B. stress                        C. intonation                D. tone

38. Louis is virtually bilingual\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Dutch and German.

A. on                      B. in                              C. for                           D. with

39. Teachers provide a model for children to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. allow                 B. behave                        C. change                  D. imitate

40. Peter can just about get \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in German.

A. up                    B. down                          C. out                         D. by

41. Sound symbolism means that we often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the meaning of a word from its sound.

A. guess                B. judge                           C. imagine                   D. expect

42. Is English a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ language in your country?

A. mother              B. official                        C. living                      D. old

43. He spoke a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of French the we found hard to understand.

A. slang                  B. jargon                      C. dialect                    D. language
44.  The paintings\_\_\_ Mr. Brown has in his house are worth around £100,000.

A. whose                 B. which                        C. what                         D. whom

45. \_\_\_\_is visiting important and historic places in a city or an area as a tourist.

A. Travelling             B. Sightseeing               C. Wandering               D. Sunbathing

46. All\_\_\_\_ must complete a visa form upon arrival at Singapore airport.

A. tourists               B. departures                C. customers                D. passengers

47. Travellers are advised to find an alternative\_\_\_ during road repairs.

A. field                B. direction                   C. route                        D. itinerary

48. All food products should carry a list of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the packet.

A. elements            B. materials                   C. foods                       D. ingredients

49. If you want to stay slim and healthy, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-reduce the amount of fast food you eat every day.

A. may                    B. should                       C. need                        D. would

50. I have\_\_\_\_ older brother and\_\_\_\_ younger sister

A. an... a                              B. an... an                   C. a...a                  D. a... an

# *II. Choose the underline word or phrase (marked A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correcting.*

51. If people didn’t throw rubbish in the river, it will look attractive.

 A. attractive B. in C. throw D. will

52. The girl whom lives near my house wants to study abroad .

 A. whom B. near C. study D. wants

53. All the passengers are required to remain seated for some minutes after the downtouch.

 A. are required B. seated C. after D. downtouch

54. Do you remember the year which you started learning the first English course at the British Council?

 A. do you remember B. which C. learning D. at

55. You may cook him some instant noodles unless he doesn’t want to eat anything else.

 A. may cook B. some C. unless D. anything else

56. The book shop which I bought my best dictionary is close to the post office and opposite the Military bank.

 A. which B. bought C. is D. close to

57. She and her dog who are both making a lot of noise in front of thehotel check-in counter really make people annoyed.

 A. who B. are C. make D. annoyed

58. Da Nang where has some of the most beautiful beaches in Vietnam has attracted many tourists every year.

 A. where B. has C. beaches D. has attracted

59. If you try these cosmetics, you look five years younger.

 A. if B. try C. look D. younger

60. If you do not understand what were written in the book, you could ask Mr. Pike.

 A. if B. understand C. were writen D. could ask

61. I will come to meet Mr. Pike and tell him about your problems if you didn’t solve them

 A. come B. about C. if D. didn’t solve

62. Sam will not graduate unless he doesn’t pass all the tests.

 A. will not B. unless C. pass D. all the

63. If anyone will phone, tell them I’ll be back at 11:00.

 A. if B. will phone C. tell D. I’ll be

64. We can hire a minibus if there will be enough people.

 A. can hire B. minibus C. if D. there will be

65. My father is bilingual atVietnamese and Chinese perfectly

 A. my father B. bilingual C. at D. perfectly

 66. If we cut down the trees in the forests, there be big floods every year.

 A. if B. cut down C. in the forest D. be

**WRITING**

**I- Write a sentence with if. Use a type 2 conditional**

1. Tam is not tall enough to join the basketball team

* If ……………………………………………………………………

2. He doesn’t apply for the job because he doesn’t have enough qualifications.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

**3.** We don’t go on holiday because we do not have enough money.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

4. I’m often tired in the morning because I go to bed late.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

5. I’m notgood at cooking,so I can’t become a chef.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

6. He is sick because he works too much.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

7. Tom doesn’t know the reason, so he doesn’t come.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

8. Anna can’t go to the cinema because she has to do her homework.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

9. I never do my homework, so my teacher always gets angry with me.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

10. It’s very cold, so we can’t go swimming.

* If ……………………………………………………………………

11. I think you should take a seven-day trip to Japan?

* If ……………………………………………………………………

**II- Write a sentence with if. Use a type 1 conditional.**

1. Don’t press that button on the keyboard, or you’ll lose what you’ve written.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

2. Eat breakfast or you are tired.

* …………………………………………………………………

3. Get up or you will be late for school.

If ………………………………………………………………….

4. keep silent or you’ll wake the baby up

* If ………………………………………………………………….

5. Do morning exercises regularly, your body will be fitter.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

6. Turn off all the lights and you will not pay more money.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

7. Unless she wears warm clothes, she will have a cold.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

8. Be careful or you may have an accident.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

9. Do it carefully. You won’t feel sorry afterwards

* If ………………………………………………………………….

10. Read more books and you can broaden your knowledge.

* If ………………………………………………………………….

**III- Combine the following sentences using relative pronouns.**

1. The man was very kind. I talked to him yesterday.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. I won’t buy the house. You introduced it to me yesterday.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. I haven’t read the novel. It was written by Nam Cao.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. The excercis are very difficult. You asked me to do them.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. I have a friend. Her mum is a volunteer worker.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Do you know the lady? She is presenting her topic. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. This morning I met Diana. I hadn’t seen her for ages. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. We stayed at the Grand hotel. Tom recommended it to us. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

9. This village has now been rebuilt. It was destroyed in the last storm. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

10. This is the man. His car was stolen last night.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**IV- Write sentences, using the clues given. You can add extra words.**

1. eating breakfast/ important/ students/ because/ it/ enable/ them/ focus/ their studies better.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. if/ you/ want/ lose/ weight/ should/ try/ avoid/ or limit/ junk food/ your diet.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. If/ I / be / you/ I / go / English-speaking country/ study/ English language.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. I / often / pay / visit / to / local / museum / on / Sunday.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. I / hope / I / can / visit / longest / river / in / Europe/ in / future.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**V- write the second sentences so that it has similar meaning**

1. I don’t know any french. (speak a word)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. I learned a few words of English on holiday ( pick)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3.It is difficult for Nick to decide where to go on holiday. (MIND)

Nick finds

4.Peter learned a few words of Japanese when he was in Japan last year. (UP) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

5. Bill can speak both Chinese and English perfectly. (BILINGUAL) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6. Matha has lived in Viet Nam for two years, but she can only speak basic Vietnamese. (GET)

Although Matha\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

7. I haven’t practiced English for ages, so I’m not as good at it as I used to be. (RUSTY)

My English\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

8. My brothercan speak Italian very well. (fluent)

My\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**The uses of English in everyday life.**

Ex1: I use English for several activities. Firstly, I read some books in English, which helps me widen my knowledge and study better. Secondly, I listen to English songs and watch English films in my free time. Besides, I can communicate with my international friends. I really want to improve my English as it is very helpful.

Ex 2: I use English for different purposes in my daily life. Firstly, English helps me to communicate with people all over the world. Secondly, English helps me to get information and improve my knowledge. Finally, I can read news or books and watch movies in English.. In short, English is useful for me in various ways.

**The eating habits.**

Ex1: In the morning, I often eat bread or rice and drink milk, sometimes I eat noodles. At noon, I often eat rice with food, and in the evening, I also eat rice with food. I usually eat a snack with my friends in the afternoon every day, and we are delighted. I always drink milk before going to bed in the evening. I also eat fruit because they are delicious and nutritious.

Ex2 : My friend has healthy eating habits. In the morning, she usually eats outside with pho, or sandwiches…. She eats lunch at school at 12 p.m. She always brings a lunch box. There is usually meat, egg …with plenty of vegetables. In the evening, she often has dinner at 7 p.m. She usually eats rice with food. At the weekends, She sometimes eats out with her family.

**ĐỀ KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỲ II NĂM HỌC 2022-2023**

**ĐỀ 1 -I. Choose the best option for each sentence. (3.5 pts)**

1. He is not exactly rich, but he certainly earns enough to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. get through B. get by C. get on  D. get up

1. Drinking enough water is a vital part \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it keeps your body functioning properly.

A. but  B. although                 C. because                   D. or

1. This is a great way to practise \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_because you only need to concentrate on your voice.

A. grammar      B. pronunciation  C. vocabulary    D. writing

1. Are you someone who can read and write well in English but cannot speak \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A. fluent           B. fluently  C. fluency     D. a fluency

1. Broccoli and tomatoes have a lot of vitamins and minerals. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ help us to stay healthy if we eat them regularly.

A. can        B. must         C. should           D. need

1. This is the stereo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I bought yesterday is very interesting

A. who B. whom C. which D. where

1. To make this cake successfully, you should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the eggs lightly.

A. marinate B. whisk C. dip D. grate

1. K2 is \_\_\_\_\_ peak in the Himalayas.

A. the B. a C. an D. ɸ

1. If you eat too quickly, you may not\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_attention to whether your hunger is satisfied.

A. pay B. take C. keep D. show

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_changed a lot in the last 30 years.

A.Life has B.A life has C.The life has D.Lives have

**\* Find a mistake in each sentence below.**

1. When he came, I watched a football match on TV.

 A B C D

1. We can hire a minibus if there will be enough people.

 A B C D

1. **Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.**

A. simplicity B. dominance C. magnificence D. stalagmite

1. **Find the word which has different stress pattern from the others.**

A. safari B. confusion C. dialect D. variety

1. **Read the paragraph and choose the most suitable answer for each of the gaps. (2.5pts)**

I started (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English when I was 14 years old after five years of studying Russian. In the (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I encountered some difficulties learning the language, but I tried my (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to overcome them. Firstly, my English pronunciation was (4)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the way I spoke Russian. To solve this problem, I practiced by listening to tapes in English every day. I played the tape, stopped after each sentence, and (5)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the sentence several times. At school, I joined an English speaking club (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was organised by a teacher from Britain. She understood my difficulty and helped me very much in improving my pronunciation. Secondly, I found it really hard to learn English vocabulary. In Russian, the way you write the word is the way you pronounce it. However, English spelling is often (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from its pronunciation. To get over this difficulty I started using the dictionary. Whenever I learnt a new word, I looked it (8) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ carefully in the dictionary. Then I tried to remember the way to read and write the word. After that, I wrote the word down several (9)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a notebook. Gradually, I got (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the spelling system of the language. Now I’m confident that my English has become much better.

1. A. getting B.learning C.writing D.reading
2. A. start B.beginning C.end D.begin
3. A. most B.self C.best D.hard
4. A. effected B.given C.affected D.reflected
5. A. said B.told C.spoke D.repeated
6. A. which B.it C.and D.but
7. A. different B.the same C.far D.differ
8. A. down B.on C.out D.up
9. A. ways B.ways C.times D.lines
10. A .used B.remembered C.well D.attracted
11. **Read the passage and choose the best answer to the question. (1.0pt)**

**Taking a Working Holiday.** One of the most difficult things young people face when they want to travel is the lack of funds. During summer holidays and possibly at weekends, they are able to take on part-time jobs, but the money they make is just a drop in the bucket of what they need to travel far away. For example, traveling to Australia from Viet Nam can be quite expensive just for an airline ticket, and to a lot of students wanting to travel, it can seem out of reach. For students wanting to travel to Australia and New Zealand in particular, however, they are in luck. Although many countries offer working holidays, these two countries are well - known for offering them. When a young person signs up to get a working holiday visa, he only pays for the round-trip airfare to get to either place and only needs to carry some extra cash for incidentals. Once he is there, a job awaits where he can earn some money. Many of the jobs require little or no experience, such as picking fruit or working in a busy pub out in the countryside. Some of the jobs require more experience that most people are unlikely to have, such as being a certified welder to work for eight weeks on a farm. That shouldn't discourage you, though, because there is always something to be found if you search hard enough. There are many websites that advertise working holidays in Australia and New Zealand. If you have the courage and are looking for a way to make a little money and see the world, it might be just the ticket you were looking for.

1. What can seem out of reach for young people?

A. Being able to find a part-time job.                         B. Being able to travel.

C. Being able to get time off from school.                 D. Being able to earn money.

2. Where can people find working holidays advertised?

A. In magazines.   B. On the radio.     C. In travel guidebooks.         D. On the Internet.

3. According to the passage, which statement is true?

A. Some working holidays are not paid.

B. People on working holidays must be from Australia or New Zealand.

C. A young person needs a special visa to go on a working holiday.

D. Picking fruit is the only job available for young people on working holidays.

4. Why would a student NOT want to take a working holiday?

A. To earn money.      B. To show how fearful he is. C. To see the world.    D. To visit a new place.

**III-WRITING: Do as directed (3.0 pts)**

1. Although/ speaking English fast/ make/ you/ sound/ native speaker/it/ make/ other people/ difficult/ understand you. **(*complete sentence*)**

...................................................................................................................................................................

1. People in the world don't speak the same language, so there are problems in communication. ***(If-Type 2)***

...................................................................................................................................................................

1. My brother can speak Italian very well.

🡪 My brother is fluent………………………………………………………………………………….

1. It is a camping shop. It has a lot of good equipment. ***(which)***

................................................................................................................................

1. **Writing about the eating habits of a classmate (50-60 words)**

**ĐỀ 2: I .Choose the best option for each sentence. (3.5 pts)**

1. When you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a new English word or phrase, make a note of it!

A. come across            B. come back              C. come into               D. come on

1. Practice is the perfect way, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the matter is that how we practise it correctly.

A. but                          B. and                         C. and                         D. so

1. I don’t have a computer at home, \_\_\_\_\_ I can’t get access to the Internet.

A. however B. so C. although D. but

1. In Binh Ba Island (Lobster Island), there are many beautiful beaches with white sand, clear water, blue sky, which is \_\_\_\_\_ for those who love nature and calmness.

A. available B. famous C. good D. suitable

1. Reading is the best way to\_\_\_\_\_ your vocabulary in any language.

A. improve B. increase C. raise D. put up

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_domestic and foreign tourism will create demand for additional hotels and motels.

A. Increase                  B. Increased                C. Increasing               D. Increasingly

1. Tom wishes his neighbors \_\_\_\_\_ so much noise every day.

A. doesn’t make B. hasn’t made C. won’t made D. didn’t make

1. For people in Cam Thanh Commune near Hoi An, the coconut wetlands provide fisheries, a beautiful area for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_as well as an ideal refuge for boats during heavy storms.

A. tourist                     B. tour                         C. tourism                   D. tour guide

1. She is the girl \_\_\_\_\_ I met at the party last night.

A. whose B. where C. which D. whom

1. Where are \_\_\_\_\_ tickets I gave you yesterday?

A. ɸ B. a C. an D. the

**\* Find a mistake in each sentence below.**

1. If you try these cosmetics, you look five years younger.

 A B C D

1. Mr. Thach, who sing English songs very well is my teacher of English.

 A B C D

1. **Find the word which has different sound in the part underlined.**

A. massive B. immersion C. imitate D. variety

1. **Find the word which has different stress pattern from the others.**

A. recipe B. tablespoon C. ingredient D. benefit

**II-Circle A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (2.5 pts)**

The survey of eating habits was (1)\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Ho Chi Minh City by a group of Japanese nutritionists in order to understand the changes of eating environments and habits accompanying with the economic growth after the war in Viet Nam. The surveys were made in 2002 and 2006. In the survey in 2002, the Vietnamese surely took three meals a day without (2)\_\_\_\_\_\_ any snacks. They mainly took (3)\_\_\_\_\_\_ like rice, bread, noodles and some vegetables. But the (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_of oils and fats and milk products was rare. It is like (5)\_\_\_\_\_ of Japan in several decades ago. In the survey in 2006, the changes in eating habits (6)\_\_\_\_\_\_ observed. (7)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the rising of their concern on eating, they rarely took food late at night. The variety and frequency of food was increased. The intake (8)\_\_\_\_\_\_ snacks was also increased. These changes are (9) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to have been caused by the change in their attitude towards eating due to (10)\_\_\_\_\_\_ change in lifestyle and those changes had been observed in Japan. More rapidly, however, they were in Viet Nam.

1. A. behaved            B. carried                    C. conducted              D. made

2. A. taking B. took C. to take D. taken

3. A. basics                B. proteins                   C. staples food            D. staples

4. A. processes          B. intake                      C. production              D. amount

5. A. that                   B. what                       C. those                       D. which

6. A. was B. were C. is D. are

7. A. Together with   B. Because                  C. Despite                   D. Due to

8. A. in                      B. of                            C. on                           D. with

9. A. thought             B. found                      C. considered              D. regarded

10. A. a B. an C. the D. ɸ

**III-Read the passage and choose the best answer to the question. (1.0pt)**

Situated on the central coast of Viet Nam, which is famous for many beautiful beaches. Lang Co Beach, since June 2009, has become an official member of the “World’s most beautiful bays” club. Today, it is a popular destination for tourists in Viet Nam, especially for those who love beach so much. With the length of approximately 10 kilometers, Lang Co Beach located in Lang Co town, Phu Loc district, Thua Thien- Hue province is next to the National Highway 1A and near Hai Van Pass. Lying on the most beautiful curve of the country, Lang Co has almost everything that nature can offer: green mountains and tropical forests, smooth white sand, full of sunshine and cool, blue and clear sea as crystal, and the average temperature of 250C in summer. It is an attractive destination for both domestic and international tourists in Viet Nam. It is the third bay of Viet Nam, after Ha Long and Nha Trang named in the list of 30 most beautiful bays in the globe. It can be said that nobody can resist a nature beauty like Lang Co town. This small and peaceful town will give you the most relaxing time and many games at the beach. In addition, you will have a good time to enjoy the seafood with various kinds of shrimps, lobster, crab, butter-fish (cá bơ), mackerel fish, oysters, etc. and not far from the beach are some attractions such as Kang Co fishing village, Chan May scenery. Lying on the "Central Heritage Road", Lang Co is very close to other famous attractions such as the Imperial City of Hue, Hoi An Ancient Town, Son Tra Peninsula where the famous Son Tra Natural Reserve and beautiful beaches located, and so many more.

1. Lang Co beach is located \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. between Hoi An Ancient Town and Son Tra Peninsula C. under Hai Van Pass

 B. on the most beautiful curve of Viet Nam D. 10 kilometres away from Hue

2. The most important reason why so many tourists come to Lang Co beach is that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. it is the third most beautiful beach in Viet Nam D. it is considered an ideal place for beach lovers

B. they can enjoy various kinds of seafood C. they can come to the famous Son Tra Natural Reserve

3. All of the following are attractions of Lang Co Beach EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

 A. the National Highway 1A next to it B. smooth white sand, and full of sunshine

 C. cool, blue and clear sea as crystal D. its location on the "Central Heritage Road"

4. Coming to Lang Co Beach, you can do all of the following activities EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. relaxing and joining in beach games B. sunbathing on many beautiful beaches

C. visiting the nearby fishing village D. enjoying seafood

**IV. WRITING: Do as directed (3.0 pts)**

1. The dishes are so hot. My mother has cooked them.

🡪 The dishes which

1. They manage to finish the project in time for the presentation.

🡪They succeeded

1. most important/ goal/ speaking English/communicate. (*complete sentence*)

...........................................................................................................................................................

1. We don't have a big house. We can't invite friends to stay. *(If-Type 2)*

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1. **Writing a paragraph about the uses of English in everyday life. (About 50-60 words)**

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