**BÀI 8. SENTENCE ELEMENTS**

**CÁC THÀNH TỐ CỦA CÂU**

**I. Subjects (S):** Chủ ngữ là chủ thể của hành động hoặc đốivtượng được đề cập, hay miêutả. Chủ ngữ có thể là:

1. Subject pronouns: Chủ ngữ có thể là các đại từ nhân xưng chủ ngữ như:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | First Person |  |  | Second Person | | Third Person |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Singular form | | | | | | I |  |  |  | You | He, She, It |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Plural form | | | | | | We |  |  |  | You | They |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |
| e.g. *He* went abroad to study medicine. | | | | | | | | | | | |  |
|  |  | S |  |  | | | Vp | | |  |  |  |
|  |  | *They* were killed in an accident. | | | | | | | |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Vp

It is going to rain.

SV

We have learnt English for seven years now.

* 1. Vp

1. Nouns, or noun phrases: Chủ ngữ có thể là danh từ hay cụm danh từ như: e.g. *Love* is a stage of feeling and can’t be recognized by senses.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| S |  | Vp | |
| *Gain and loss* go together. | | | |
| S |  | Vp |  |

*Tourism* is considered to be smoke-free industry.

S Vp

*A wealthy, healthy life* is anyone’s wish.

S Vp

1. Gerunds, or gerund phrases: Chủ ngữ có thể là danh động từ hay cụm danh động từ như:

e.g. *Fishing* is his favourite pastime.

SVp

*Getting good marks* is not always difficult.

S Vp *Preparing for exams* is really stressful.

SVp

*Travelling by air* is considered to be safest.

SVp



**Trang 121**

1. Infinitives or infinitive phrases: Chủ ngữ có thể là động từ hay cụm động từ nguyên thể như:

e.g. *To be honest* is a good quality of a person.

S Vp

*To tell lie* is not acceptable in science.

S Vp

*To fall in love* means to love some one deeply.

S Vp

*To do* is better than to speak.

* 1. Vp

1. Clauses: Chủ ngữ có thể là một mệnh đề như:

eg. *What we really wish* is to be at the cinema.

S Vp

*All she can say* is that he is a liar.

S Vp

*That she didn’t turn up* worried us all.

S Vp

*Whatever he said* annoyed us.

* 1. Vp

**II. Complements (C):** Bổ ngữ là thành phần hoàn thiện nghĩa cho cụm từ, câu.Bổ ngữ có thể là:

1. Adjectives or participles: Bổ ngữ có thể là các tính từ hay phân từ như:

e.g. She is *exhausted*.

S V C

The film made me *bored*.

S V O C

They are very *hard-working and intelligent*.

S V C

The lessons are *long and difficult*.

S V C

1. Nouns, or noun phrases: Bổ ngữ có thể là các danh từ hay cụm danh từ như:

eg. She is *a kind hearted lady*.

S V C

They became *the new employees*.

S V C

She will be *a nurse*.



**Trang 122**

S V

Lam wishes she were *a prince*.

S V S V

1. Gerunds or gerund phrases: Bổ ngữ có thể là các danh động từ hay cụm danh động từ như:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| eg. Her hobby is *singing*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S | | | | |  | V C | | | | | | | |  |  |
|  | His passion in life is *studying English*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | S | | |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | C | |
|  | Seeing is *believing*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  | |  |  |
|  | S V | | | | |  | C | | | | | | | |  |  |
|  | What he wanted is *having a good job*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |
|  |  | S | | | |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | C | |

1. Infinitives or infinitive phrases: Bổ ngữ có thể là các nguyên thể hay cụm nguyên thể như:

eg. My dream is *to become a teacher*.

S V C

Her wish is *to have a good job to do*.

S V C

What he needs to do is *to finish the form*.

S V C

All I can do is *to offer you a lift*.

S V C

1. Clauses: Bổ ngữ có thể là các mệnh đề như:

eg. A full apology is *what the boss wants* now.

S V C

A smile is *all he could do and what he should do*.

S V C

A good job was *what he wanted*.

S V C

A seat in a university is *all she wished*.

S V C

**Notes:** Có 2 loại bổ ngữ;

1. bổ ngữ cho chủ ngữ (Cs)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| e.g. | She was *exhausted*. | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | |  | V | | |  | Cs | |  |
|  | He was *bored*. | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S |  |  |  | V |  |  |  | Cs |  | |



**Trang 123**

1. bổ ngữ cho tân ngữ (Co)

e.g. The long walk made us *exhausted*.

* + 1. V O Co

The film made him *bored*.

SV O Co

1. **Objects (O):** Genders to be described or mentioned usually follow ordinary verbs toshow the direct or indirect goals that the verbs aim at, or follow prepostions. (Tân ngữ là thành tố hoàn thành câu, thường theo sau động từ thường chỉ hướng hay đối tượng của động từ, hoặc theo sau các giới từ).

Tân ngữ có thể là:

* 1. Object pronouns: Tân ngữ có thể là các đại từ nhân xưng tân ngữ như:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | First Person | | | | | | | | |  |  | Second Person | | | | Third Person |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Singular form | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  | me | | | |  |  |  |  | you | | him, her, it |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plural form | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  | us | | | |  |  |  |  | you | | them |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| e.g. We met *him* yesterday. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  | V O | | | |  |  |  |  | A | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | She made *us a big cake*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  | V | | |  | O | | | | O | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The lady sent *me a request*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | S | |  |  | V | | |  | O O | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The man bought *a loaf of bread for her*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |  |
|  |  |  | S | |  |  |  | V | | |  |  | O | | | | |  |  | O |  |  |

1. Nouns, or noun phrases: Tân ngữ có thể là các danh hoặc cụm danh từ như:

e.g. She gave me *a blank look*.

S V O O

Lan is doing *her homework*.

S V O

Nga did *a lot of exercises*.

S V O

We sent *endless letters* to *the manager*.

S V O O

1. Gerunds or gerund phrases: Tân ngữ có thể là các danh động từ hay cụm danh động từ như:

e.g. The man loved *telling funny stories*.

S V O



**Trang 124**

Willy hated *being left alone in the darkness*.

S V O

We are afraid of *missing the class*.

S V O

She was interested in *going shopping on Sundays*.

S V O

1. Infinitives or infinitive phrases: Tân ngữ có thể là các nguyên thể hay cụm nguyên thể như:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| e.g. | Jack wished *to become an astronaut*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | | |  | |  | |  |  |  | O | | | | | |  | | | | |
|  | He liked *to walk in the rain*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S |  |  | | | |  |  | V | | | | | | | |  |  | | | | | | | | | O | | | | | | |  | | | | | | |
|  | They wanted *to have seats*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | | | | | | |  | O | | | | |  | | | | | | | |
|  | Kelvin loves *to do the crosswords*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | | | |  | |  |  |  |  | O | | | | |  | | | | | |
| 5. Clauses: Tân ngữ có thể là các mệnh đề như: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| e.g. | We know *how we should solve the problem*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | |  |  | | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  | O | | | | | | |  | |
|  | She asked *why we didn’t arrive on time*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | | |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | | | |  |  | | | | |  |  |  |  |  | O | | | | | |  | | |
|  | Dick wanted to know *whether he was accepted*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | O | | | | | |  |
|  | Linda wondered *where she should go*. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | V | | | | | |  |  |  |  |  | O | | | | |  | | | |

**Notes:** Có 2 loạitânngữ;

1. tân ngữ trực tiếp (Od)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| e.g. | She gave *a book* to me. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  | S |  |  | V |  | Od | | | |  | Oi |  | |
|  | Lam bought me *an ice-cream*. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  | |  |  |  |  | |  | |  |
|  | S |  |  | V | |  |  | Oi | | | Od | | |

1. tân ngữ gián tiếp (Oi)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| e.g. | The host made *us* a big cake. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S | | | V Oi | | | | | Od | | | | |
|  | She sent some documents to *me*. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | S V | | |  |  | Od | | |  |  |  | Oi | |



**Trang 125**

**IV. Adverbials:** A sentence element is used to denote the stages, manner, methods, or toindicate time, places, purposes, or others. (Trạng ngữ được dùng để miêu tả trạng thái, cách thức, phương pháp, mức độ, hay dùng để chỉ thời gian, nơi chốn, mục đích,… của hành động).

Trạng ngữ có thể là:

1. Adverbs: Trạng ngữ có thể là các trạng từ như:

eg. We *often* go to work by bus.

A

She danced *marvelously*.

A

*Naturally*, it rains much in Summer.

A

He *bravely* defeated his opponent.

A

1. Adverbial phrases: Trạng ngữ có thể là các cụm từ như:

eg. *In the past*, people used to live *in a large family*.

A A

*To tell the truth*, I liked that play.

A

*In my opinion*, she is a kind-hearted woman.

A

*To sum up*, it’s convenient to travel *by air*.

A A

1. Adverbial clauses: Trạng ngữ có thể là các mệnh đề như: eg. *When we came*, they were fighting.

A

Billy tried hard *in order that he could pass the exam*.

A

*While we were having dinner*, the light went out.

A

He passed the exam *because he tried hard*.

A

**V. Verbs:** phần nói về động từ đã được trình bày kĩ ởBài 2.Verbs của chuyên đề này (từtrang 40 đến trang 56 – tài liệu này)



**Trang 126**

**BÀI TẬP THỰC HÀNH**

**Exercise 63**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below*.

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ saying was so important that I asked everyone to stop talking and listen.

A. What the woman was B. The woman was

C. What was the woman D. That the woman was

2. My mother is fed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with doing the housework every day.

A. up B. of C. on D. in

3. He found\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard to live on his unemployment benefit.

A. it B. its C. it’s D. it is

4. She spoke quietly to him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ someone hear a word of their conversation.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. so that | B. in order that | C. for fear that | D. for fear of |
| 5. English people are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in playing football. | | |  |
| A. interested | B. interesting | C. to be interested | D. to be interesting |
| 6. It is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for me to see you go away for a year. | | |  |
| A. undeniable | B. incompetent | C. unbearable | D. intolerant |
| 7. She’s proud of her\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | |  |  |
| A. successful | B. success | C. succeed | D. succeeded |
| 8. Only in Japan\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the high levels of western countries. | | |  |
| A. industrialization has reached | | B. industrialization is reached | |
| C. has industrialization reached | | D. is industrialization reached | |
| 9. Nowadays children would prefer history\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in more practical ways. | | | |
| A. be taught | B. to teach | C. to be taught | D. teach |
| 10. Hurry up! They’ve only got\_\_\_\_\_ seats left. | | |  |
| A. a little | B. a few | C. a lot of | D. plenty of |
| 11. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the students know the answer to that question. | | |  |
| A. Most | B. Almost | C. Mostly | D. The most |
| 12. We decided not to travel, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the terrible weather forecast. | | | |
| A. having heard |  | B. we heard |  |
| C. having been heard | | D. being heard |  |
| 13. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for their strong fiber include flax and hemp. | | |  |
| A. Plants are grown | | B. Plants grown |  |
| C. Plants that grow |  | D. To grow plants |  |
| 14. I think you must be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me for someone else. | | |  |
| A. confusing | B. reminding | C. mistaking | D .considering |
| 15. He used \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on time. But this time he is terribly late. | | |  |



**Trang 127**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. arriving | B. arrive | C. to arrive | D. to arriving |
| 16. They have grown roses here\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 1990. | | |  |
| A. for | B. since | C. during | D. in |
| 17. You'll miss the train\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you don't hurry up. | | |  |
| A. if | B. when | C. since | D. unless |
| 18. He is my\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ brother. But he looks younger than me. | | |  |
| A. elder | B. older | C. old | D. young |
| 19. It took me forty five minutes to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to office everyday. | | |  |
| A. getting | B. gets | C. get | D. got |
| 20. You look rather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Are you worried about something? | | | |
| A. occupied | B. preoccupying | C. preoccupied | D. occupant |

**Exercise 64**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below*.

1. If you hear the fire\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, leave the building quickly.

A. alarm B. caution C. notice D. publicity

2. She remembered the correct address only\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ she had posted the letter.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. since | B. afterwards | C. following | D. after |
| 3. The teacher made us\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard for the final examination. | | | |  |
|  | A. learn | B. learning | C. to learn | D. learnt |
| 4. | Neither Bill nor Norris\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ going to the play tonight. | | |  |
|  | A. was | B. were | C. are | D. is |
| 5. | Over the past two years the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of living has risen considerably. | | | |
|  | A. charge | B. cost | C. rate | D. price |
| 6. | He told his father a long and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ story to explain his lateness. | | | |
|  | A. inconceivable | B. incredulous | C. unimaginable | D. unconvincing |
| 7. We need\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ information before we can decide. | | | |  |
|  | A. further | B. furthest | C. far | D. farther |

8. Women workers wear hats in\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their hair gets caught in the machinery.

A. course B. case C. occasion D. event

9. An employer may look with\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on a young college graduate.

A. suspiciously B. suspicion C. suspect D. suspicious

1. I don’t mind living\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my own in a big city.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. with | B. by | C. at | D. on |
| 11. | She was filling in the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ form. | |  |  |
|  | A. applicant | B. application | C. apply | D. appliance |
| 12. | It was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to listen to the story. | |  |  |



**Trang 128**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. exciting | B. excited | C. excite | D. excitement |
| 13. My brother and my sister have many\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | | |  |
| A. different | B. difference | C. differ | D. differences |
| 14. It was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to see my old friends again. | | |  |
| A. surprised | B. surprise | C. surprisingly | D. surprising |
| 15. Mr. Brown gave a long\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about unemployment in Australia. | | | |
| A. lectures | B. lecturing | C. lectured | D. lecture |

1. Pests occur in large numbers, and they can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ terrible damage, particularly to growing crops, that in some parts of the world people frequently suffer from famine.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. do such | B. do so | C. make such | D. make so |
| 17. The new magazine about maintenance\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow. | | |  |
| A. comes down | B. comes off | C. comes on | D. comes out |
| 18. Anna can’t get the job because there are too many\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for it. | | | |
| A. engineers | B. interviewers | C. applicants | D. workers |
| 19. There are many\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ways to learn English vocabulary. | | |  |
| A. different | B. differences | C. differ | D. differing |
| 20. Nam stopped\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ two years ago. | |  |  |
| A. smoking | B. smoke | C. to smoke | D. smoked |

**Exercise 65**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the*

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| *incomplete sentences below*. | |  |  |
| 1. A\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ storm has swept a hundred of houses away. | | |  |
| A. strong | B. heavy | C. hard | D. long |
| 2. My child would rather read books than\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ anything else. | | | |
| A. doing | B. to do | C. did | D. do |
| 3. My friend doesn't like asking her mother\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money. | | |  |
| A. to | B. in | C. for | D. with |
| 4. Mrs. Lan\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up being on a diet because it was not effective. | | | |
| A. gives | B. giving | C. to give | D. gave |
| 5. Anna has just graduated from university. She wants to apply\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a suitable job. | | | |
| A. at | B. for | C. to | D. in |
| 6. He is unemployment. He gets some unemployment\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | | |  |
| A. salary | B. card | C. benefit | D. currency |
| 7. A long walk makes everybody\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | |  |  |
| A. tired | B. tiring | C. to tire | D. tire |
| 8. The neighbor of mine is a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ smoker. He smokes 30 cigarettes a day. | | | |
| A. much | B. heavy | C. many | D. big |



**Trang 129**

9. Her parents can't stand\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her at home all day.

A. to see B. see C. seeing D. seen

10. I am tired\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ watching the same program every day.

A. in B. on C. with D. of

11. While she\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the phone rang.

A. was cooking B. cooked C. cooking D. cook

12. My mother is used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an excellent speaker in public spaces.

A. to be B. being C. have been D. been

13. She doesn't have time to go shopping because she's too\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her work.

A. busy B. bored C. get up D. tired

14. His roof was broken by a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wind two weeks ago.

A. hard B. big C. strong D. much

15. He has learned English for 4 years, and she is good\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English now.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. by | B. at | C. for | D. in |
| 16. | Mt. Everest is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ highest peak of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Himalayas. | | | |
|  | A. a/ the | B. the/ a | C. the/ nothing | D. the/ the |
| 17. Nothing in your room\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ since you were sent to the hospital. | | | | |
|  | A. have been moved | | B. has been moved | |
|  | C. have moved |  | D. has moved |  |
| 18. | Water plays a vital\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in developing agriculture. | | |  |
|  | A. part | B. importance | C. vision | D. character |

19. The weather in the South of Vietnam seems\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the North.

A. more pleasant/ it B. more pleasant/ that

C. pleasant/ the weather D. more pleasant/ those

1. It’s more\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to use gas instead of electricity to warm up the house.

A. economy B. economic C. economical D. economist

**Exercise 66**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below*.

1. I thought that you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us, but I was wrong. You never have enough courage.

A. would join B. joined C. had joined D. will join

1. She is very \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Don’t say anything that can hurt her.

A. decided B. dedicate C. dedicated D. devoted

3. He is 59 years old. He\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next year.

A. is going to retire B. retires C. retired D. has retired

4. A dictionary is a book\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ explains words.



**Trang 130**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. what | B. it | C. its | D. which |
| 5. British Isles\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by speakers of Celtic language two thousand years ago. | | | |
| A. inhabited | B. are inhabited | C. were inhabited | D. were inhabiting |
| 6. He is from Tokyo. He\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Japanese. | |  |  |
| A. says | B. talks | C. speaks | D. announces |
| 7. He wore dark glasses so that nobody could\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him. | | |  |
| A. recognize | B. recognition | C. recognized | D. recognizable |
| 8. Modern English is different\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ old English. | | |  |
| A. of | B. in | C. from | D. on |
| 9. It is necessary to learn a foreign\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ . | |  |  |
| A. tongue | B. story | C. country | D. language |
| 10. He arrived in Singapore \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Monday evening. | | |  |
| A. in | B. from | C. on | D. at |

1. We’ve got very little time left. Unless we hurry, we’ll \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the bus.

A. miss B. remember C. catch D. get in

1. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here longer, but it’s time for me to go home.

A. stay B. can stay C. will stay D. could stay

1. It is believed that books are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ species, fighting for survival in competition with TV, film, the internet and CD.

A. endangered B. dangerous C. danger D. dangerously

14. The man shouts loudly as if we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ all deaf.

A. would be B. had been C. are D. were

15. English\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by about 700 million people around the world.

A. is been spoken B. is going to spoken

C. is spoken D. will spoken

16. Whenever he has free time, he goes swimming. Swimming is his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pastime.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. favor | B. favorable | C. favored | D. favorite |
| 17. Naturally, we can say that children\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eating sweets. | | |  |
| A. want | B. like | C. need | D. prefer |
| 18. Young people hate\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, they prefer making questions. | | |  |
| A. ask | B. asking | C. be asked | D. being asked |
| 19. Your sister will be ill if she doesn’t stop \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so much. | | |  |
| A. to worry | B. worry | C. worried | D. worrying |
| 20. The word “fishing” in “Fishing is his favorite pastime” is a(n)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | | | |
| A. noun | B. pronoun | C. gerund | D. adjective |



**Trang 131**

**Exercise 67**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below*.

1. He loves\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lies, that’s why we call him “a liar”.

A. telling B. saying C. speaking D. talking

2. The word “stopped” in “He stopped smoking 5 years ago” can be replaced by\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. took up | B. came up | C. picked up | D. gave up |
| 3. | She’s thirsty. She’d like\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a cold drink. | | |  |
|  | A. have | B. having | C. to have | D. to having |
| 4. She never gets up late. She’s used to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up early. | | | |  |
|  | A. get | B. getting | C. gets | D. got |
| 5. | One of those\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Japan. | |  |  |
|  | A. students are | B. student are | C. students is | D. student is |
| 6. | Among those, I like the red one\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | |  |  |
|  | A. more | B. best | C. better | D. much |

7. I think we cannot have enough one cup of coffee for each as we’ve got very\_\_\_\_\_\_ milk left.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. little | | B. a little | C. few | D. a few |
| 8. He has been in hospital\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ last Tuesday. | | | |  |
| A. for | | B. when | C. from | D. since |
| 9. I don’t really like An, but this time I’d like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him. | | | |  |
| A. to meet | | B. meet | C. met | D. meeting |
| 10. The science classes at this\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ difficult. | | | |  |
| A. schools are | | B. school are | C. school is | D. schools is |
| 11. Be quiet! I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to listen to some important information. | | | |  |
| A. was trying | | B. am trying | C. try | D. tried |
| 12. | Most children find it interesting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a foreign language. | | | |
|  | A. learn | B. learning | C. learned | D. to learn |
| 13. | ‘John won’t come tomorrow.’ ‘Did he say he\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ next week?’ | | | |
|  | A. will come | B. would come | C. is coming | D. had come |
| 14. | Children enjoy\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cartoon film. | |  |  |
|  | A. watch | B. watching | C. watched | D. to watch |
| 15. | I am afraid of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ alone in dark. | |  |  |
|  | A. being left | B. left | C. leaving | D. to leave |

1. M. Faraday didn’t have much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when he was young.

A. school B. scholar C. schooled D. schooling

17. A person who studies biology is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

A. scientist B. physicist C. biologist D. mathematician

1. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you to the woman I was speaking with, but I couldn’t think of her name.

**Trang 132**

****

A. will introduce B. would have introduced

C. would introduce D. couldn’t have

19. Most of the experiments are carried out in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. schools B. libraries C. factories D. laboratories

20. He was very good \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics when he was at school.

A. on B. of C. at D. for

**Exercise 68**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below*.

1. He says he’s been to\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ restaurant in Viet Tri town.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. all | B. most | C. every | D. many |
| 2. | The ability to work well for long hours is his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | | |  |
|  | A. length | B. width | C. height | D. strength |
| 3. | It is the English pronunciation that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of difficulties to Vietnamese pupils. | | | |
|  | A. makes | B. causes | C. does | D. gets |
| 4. | I had no difficulty\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to your English. | |  |  |
|  | A. listen | B. to listen | C. to listening | D. listening |
| 5. I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her as soon as she entered the room. | | | |  |
|  | A. recognized |  | B. had recognized |  |
|  | C. could recognized |  | D. did recognized |  |
| 6. You should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to your uncle fore being rude to him. | | | |  |
|  | A. forgive | B. apologize | C. excuse | D. regret |
| 7. The rocket went into\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ round the moon. | | | |  |
|  | A. track | B. orbit | C. path | D. circle |

1. She took\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the fine weather to do a day’s work in her garden.

A. chance B. interest C. advantage D. charge

9. Long speeches are really\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. bore B. boring C. bored D. to bored

1. You shouldn’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him all the time.

A. teased B. tease C. teases D. teasing

11. We won’t have to import electricity if the solar energy is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used.

A. large B. widely C. widen D. width

12. Mark Twain is the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ name of Samuel Longhorn Clemens.

A. pen B. new C. career D. writer

1. His friend\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him a lot in his career. Without their support, he would not have been successful.

A. told B. encouraged C. taught D. complained



**Trang 133**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 14. | I am sorry but we have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the discussion. We have no more time. | | | | |
|  | A. put an end to |  | B. make room for | |  |
|  | C. take advantage of | | D. put effort into | |  |
| 15. | This is the man who\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me English. | | |  |  |
|  | A. teach | B. teaches | C. are teaching | | D. were teaching |
| 16. | He\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in love with her picture even before he met her. | | | |  |
|  | A. falls | B. has fallen | C. fell |  | D had fallen |
| 17. | The man who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had been in the sea for ten hours. | | | |  |
|  | A. had been rescued | | B. was rescued | |  |
|  | C. rescued |  | D. had rescued | |  |
| 18. | The police finally arrested the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ criminal. | | |  |  |
|  | A. famous | B. notorious | C. respectable | | D. renowned |
| 19. | Mark Twain’s last book was written in 1909, one year before his\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | | | | |
|  | A. died | B. dead | C. death | D. dying | |
| 20. | His wife had great influence\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his books. | | |  |  |
|  | A. in | B. at | C. for |  | D. on |

**Exercise 69**.*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below*.

1. It’s the pronunciation that causes me a lot of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. difficult B. difficulty C. difficully D. difficulties

2. If you place a bowl of water in the sun, it will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. evaporate B. evaporated C. evaporator D. evaporation

3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 350 million people speak English as their first language.

A. Approximaty B. Approximately C. Approximation D. Approximate

1. “Gone with the wind” was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Mrs. Margaret Mitchell.

A. written B. read C. designed D. drawn

5. World population will continue to rise if we do not try \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.

A. to increase B. lower C. to reduce D. reducing

6. I did all the work\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my own.

A. by B. on C. for D. at

7. Every Sunday my father spends three hours\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English.

A. practice B. to practice C. practiced D. practicing 8. I have learned English for 3 years, and I am good\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English now.

A. in B. for C. by D. at



**Trang 134**

1. Hoa’s brother enjoys\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to ghost stories at night.

A. telling and listening C. listen

B. tell and listen D. to tell

10. Mr. Minh has known me\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he moved to Ha Noi national university.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. until | B. since | C. when | D. during |
| 11. | How\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is that hotel? | |  |  |
|  | A. long | B. length | C. high | D. height |
| 12. How much does this hat\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? | | |  |  |
|  | A. pay | B. spend | C. fix | D. cost |
| 13. | The exhibition\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ place once a year. | |  |  |
|  | A. does | B. has | C. takes | D. makes |
| 14. | \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Sundays, I often go fishing with my father. | | |  |
|  | A. In | B. On | C. Over | D. For |
| 15. | It is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to drive without a driving license in Viet Nam. | | |  |
|  | A. good | B. danger | C. dangerously | D. dangerous |
| 16. Would you like him\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? | | |  |  |
|  | A. coming | B. to come | C. come | D. came |
| 17. My mother can play a lot of\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ instruments. | | | |  |
|  | A. music | B. musical | C. musician | D. musically |
| 18. | The girl spoke with a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ accent. | |  |  |
|  | A. southern | B. southwards | C. south | D. southbound |

1. What’s the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Viet Nam?

A. popular B. populate C. populous D. population

20. The bus takes\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than the train.

A. more long B. the longest C. longer D. long

**Exercise 70**:*Choose the best answer among the A, B, C, or D provided to finish each of the**incomplete sentences below.*

1. Please fill in your employment history, including your\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ employer as well as any previous ones you might have had.

A. private B. daily C. constant D. current

2. He studies\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his two brothers.

A. much better than B. more better than

C. more good than D. very better than

3. Sarah delivered a(n)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ appeal to the court and asked for mercy.

A. sensational B. sentimental C. emotional D. affectionate



**Trang 135**

4. She explained the problem very clearly and is always\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in response to questions.

A. attention B. attentive C. attentively D. attentiveness

5. What I like about this restaurant is that there is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ parking space right outside it.

A. plenty B. ample C. expanded D. big

1. There was a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tremble in her voice, which showed that she was very nervous at that time.

A. slight B. slighted C. slightly D. slightness

1. Although Vicky looked pretty much the same after all those years, I noticed\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

changes which made her look even more beautiful than I remembered.

A. fair B. sensitive C. subtle D. joint 8. Mrs. Pike was so angry that she made a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ gesture at the driver.

A. rude B. rudeness C. rudely D. rudest

1. I find mending old socks incredibly\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that's why I always ask my mother to do it for me.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. hilarious | B. tedious | C. furious | D. recreational |
| 10. He is not really friendly and makes no attempt to be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. | | | |
| A. society | B. social | C. socialize | D. sociable |
| 11. If she can make up stories, she is certainly a very\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ girl. | | | |
| A. imaginary | B. imaginable | C. imaginative | D. imagining |
| 12. She sent me a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ letter thanking me for my invitation. | | |  |
| A. polite | B. politely | C. politeness | D. impoliteness |
| 13. I don't want much sugar in my coffee. Just *\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_*, please. | | |  |
| A. a little | B. little | C. a few | D. few |

1. Mr. Timpson's behavior and comments on occasions were inappropriate and fell below the\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ standards.

A. accept B. acceptable C. acceptance D. accepting

15. As I was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the change in the program, I arrived half an hour late for the rehearsal.

A. unaware B. unconscious C. unable D. unreasonable

16. The college offers both \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and professional qualifications.

A. government B. experience C. requirement D. academic

17. After years of being exposed to the sun and rain, the sign had become completely \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. unreadable B. readable C. misread D. illegible

1. Fee-paying schools, often called "independent schools", "private schools" or “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

schools".

A. college B. primary C. secondary D. public

19. We all agree that she is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ student of the two sisters.

A. the cleverer B. clever C. the cleverest D. most clever



**Trang 136**

20. This book is not really\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is a waste of money buying it.

A. inform B. information C. informative D. informatively

