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|  | **TIẾNG ANH 6\_FRIENDS PLUS****REVIEW 1,2 - TEST 1***Thời gian làm bài: 45 phút (Không kể thời gian giao đề)**-------------------------* |

 **I. Pronunciation**

**Câu 1.** Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?

 **A.** clock  **B.** come

 **C.** close  **D.** pencil

**Câu 2.** Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?

 **A.** bookshelf  **B.** armchair

 **C.** eighteen  **D.** student

**Câu 3.** Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?

 **A.** engineer  **B.** afternoon  **C.** telephone  **D.** seventeen

**Câu 4.** Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?

 **A.** houses  **B.** couches

 **C.** dishes  **D.** telephones

**II. Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space in each question.**

**Câu 5.** Lan and Mai \_\_\_\_\_ hard-working students in their class.

 **A.** always are  **B.** are always

 **C.** are always not  **D.** be always

**Câu 6.** “How \_\_\_\_\_ cooking oil do you want?” – “One bottle of cooking oil.”

 **A.** much  **B.** many

 **C.** few  **D.** a lot of

**Câu 7.** Imagine a limousine car with \_\_\_\_ seats! It’s amazing.

 **A.** uninteresting  **B.** comfortable

 **C.** uncomfortable  **D.** unpopular

**Câu 8.** Nam doesn’t enjoy any sports, but his younger sister is very basketball.

 **A.** play/ in  **B.** playing/ in  **C.** playing/ into  **D.** to play/ into

**Câu 9.** He has **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_** to the meeting on time.

 **A.** to go  **B.** going  **C.** go  **D.** goes

**Câu 10.** A gives a list of the words of a language in alphabetical order and explains what they mean.

 **A.** monument  **B.** laptop

 **C.** dictionary  **D.** drawer

**Câu 11.** Where are the speakers, Charlie?

 **A.** I am fine.

 **B.** We will find it for you.

 **C.** This is mine.

 **D.** They’re in the drawer.

**Câu 12.** My sister is interested in books. Harry Potter is one of favorite books.

 **A.** his  **B.** their  **C.** her  **D.** its

**Câu 13.** Nam is with his friends because of his bad behaviors.

 **A.** popular  **B.** unpopular  **C.** popularity  **D.** unpopularity

**Câu 14.** There are office buildings in this area.

 **A.** some  **B.** an  **C.** any  **D.** a

**III. Look at the signs. Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D).**

**Câu 15.**

What does the mother put on the desk?

My dearest daughter,

Before going to the English class, please have your lunch. Don’t forget to bring your money on the desk.

Your Mom.

 **A.** English book.  **B.** The daughter’s lunch.

 **C.** Money.  **D.** All the things.

**Câu 16.**

What does this sign mean?



 **A.** You can’t listen to music here.  **B.** You can’t use mobiles here.

 **C.** You shouldn’t use mobiles here.  **D.** B & C are correct.

**IV. Read the following conversation and do as direct.**

David and John are close friends, but they enjoy different activities after school hours.

David likes sports very much. Sometimes he plays badminton with his younger brother after school. Sometimes he plays football with his classmates in the school yard at recess or on Sunday afternoons when he doesn’t have any lessons.

John is not very sporty. He often read books and watches TV after school. When he has free time, he usually helps his mother with the housework. He never plays games.

**Câu 17.** David and John have the same after-school activities.

 **A.** True  **B.** False

**Câu 18.** David sometimes plays badminton and football.

 **A.** False  **B.** True

**Câu 19.** David and John have the same interests.

 **A.** False  **B.** True

**Câu 20.** David helps his mother to do the housework in his free time.

 **A.** True  **B.** False

**Câu 21.** Who does David play football with?

 **A.** John  **B.** His schoolmates

 **C.** His classmates  **D.** Everybody

**Câu 22.** How often does John play games?

 **A.** Not often

 **B.** He doesn’t play games.

 **C.** In his free time.

 **D.** On Sunday afternoon.

**V. Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

John Robinson is an English teacher. He \_\_**23**\_\_\_ English in a high school in Florida. Now he is looking \_\_**24**\_\_\_ an apartment near the school. There are three empty apartments. The first one is a big apartment. It’s comfortable, but it’s very expensive. The second one is also a lovely apartment, but it’s quite expensive, too. The last one is \_\_**25**\_\_\_ than the other two, but it’s cheaper. It has a bright living room, two bedrooms and a large, \_\_**26**\_\_\_ kitchen. Mr. Robinson thinks the third apartment is suitable for \_\_**27**\_\_\_ family. Therefore, he decides \_\_**28**\_\_\_ this apartment.

**Câu 23.** Choose the correct answer.

 **A.** teaches  **B.** teach  **C.** to teach  **D.** teaching

**Câu 24.** Choose the correct answer.

 **A.** up  **B.** into  **C.** on  **D.** for

**Câu 25.** Choose the correct answer.

 **A.** small  **B.** smaller  **C.** more small  **D.** smallest

**Câu 26.** Choose the correct answer.

 **A.** modern  **B.** modernize  **C.** modernization  **D.** modernity

**Câu 27.** Choose the correct answer.

 **A.** her  **B.** his  **C.** him  **D.** our

**Câu 28.** Choose the correct answer.

 **A.** buy  **B.** buying  **C.** to buy  **D.** buys

**VI. Supply the correct form of the word given in each sentence.**

**Câu 29.** There is an interesting park in their . (neighbor)

**Câu 30.** My sister is a famous . (sing)

**Câu 31.** Their goes back 25 years. (friend)

**Câu 32.** Nam often his best friends to his birthday party. (invitation)

**Câu 33.** Paris has a lot of places. (beauty)

**Câu 34.** It’s to travel around the world. (interest)

**VII. Rearrange the groups of words in a correct order to make complete sentences.**

**Câu 35.** on/ of the building./ Our rooms/ floor/ are/ the third

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Câu 36.** Why not/ vacation?/ to/ this summer/ the beach/ go

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**VIII. Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it.**

**Câu 37.** That car belongs to the principal.

That is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Câu 38.** How many lights does your house have? (use “there”)

How many \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Câu 39.** Would you like to go to the museum after this meeting?

How \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Câu 40.** Susan sometimes walks home. (use “goes)

Susan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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